

## **SECTION 024210– CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS**

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this section.

#### **1.2 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
  - 1. Salvaging nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
  - 2. Recycling nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
  - 3. Disposing of nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
- B. Related sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 01 Section “General Requirements – Temporary Facilities and Controls.”

#### **1.3 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Construction Waste: Building and site improvement materials and other solid waste resulting from construction, remodeling, renovation, or repair operations. Construction waste includes packaging.
- B. Demolition Waste: Building and site improvement materials resulting from demolition or selective demolition operations and clearing debris including soil, vegetation, and rocks are not to be included.
- C. Disposal: Removal off-site of demolition and construction waste and subsequent sale, recycling, reuse, or deposit in landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Recycle: Collect, reprocess and reuse of materials diverted or recovered from solid waste stream.
- E. Salvage: Recovery of demolition or construction materials from existing buildings or construction sites and subsequent sale or reuse in another facility.
- F. Salvage and Reuse: Recovery of demolition or construction materials from existing buildings or construction sites and subsequent incorporation into the Work.

#### **1.4 PERFORMANCE GOALS**

- A. General: Document the disposal, recycling, re-use and salvaging of the construction and demolition waste for the project. Although a Waste Management Plan is not required by the Owner for this project, if there is a Waste Management Plan being used, provide documentation. At a minimum, document the quantity of construction and demolition waste sent to Landfill.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Construction Waste Management form: Submit 3 copies of the completed Construction Waste Management form contained in the project documents.
- B. Records of Donations: If requested by the Owner, indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste donated to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- C. Records of Sales: If requested by the Owner, indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste sold to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- D. Recycling and Processing Facility Records: If requested by the Owner, indicate receipt and acceptance of recyclable waste by recycling and processing facilities licensed to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.
- E. Landfill and Incinerator Disposal Records: If requested by the Owner, indicate receipt and acceptance of waste by landfills and incinerator facilities licenses to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Waste Management Conference: If there is a Waste Management Plan for this project, conduct conference at Project site. Review methods and procedures related to waste management including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Review and discuss waste management plan including responsibilities of Waste Management Coordinator.
  - 2. Review requirements for documenting quantities of each type of waste and its disposition.
  - 3. Review and finalize procedures for materials separation and verify availability of containers and bins needed to avoid delays.
  - 4. Review procedures for periodic waste collection and transportation to recycling and disposal facilities.
  - 5. Review waste management requirements for each trade.

## 1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN (This section is applicable if there is a Waste Management Plan for the project; a Waste Management Plan is NOT required by the Owner for this project. The information in this section may be used as a reference for documenting the disposal of the construction and demolition waste on this project.)

- A. General: Develop plan consisting of waste identification, waste reduction plan, and cost/revenue analysis. Include separate sections in plan for demolition and construction waste. Indicate quantities by weight or volume, but use same units of measure throughout waste management plan.
- B. Waste Identification: Indicate anticipated types and quantities of construction waste generated by the Work. Include estimated quantities and assumptions for estimates.

- C. Waste Reduction Work Plan: List each type of waste and whether it will be salvaged, recycled, or disposed of in landfill or incinerator. Include points of waste generation, total quantity of each type of waste, quantity for each means of recovery, and handling and transportation procedures.
1. Salvaged Materials for Reuse: For materials that will be salvaged and reused in this Project, describe methods for preparing salvaged materials before incorporation into the Work.
  2. Salvaged Materials for Sale: For materials that will be sold to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses and telephone numbers.
  3. Salvaged Materials for Donation: For materials that will be donated to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses and telephone numbers.
  4. Recycled Materials: Include list of local receivers and processors and type of recycled materials each will accept. Include names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  5. Disposed materials: Indicate how and where materials will be disposed of. Include name, address, and telephone number for each landfill and incinerator facility.
  6. Handling and Transportation Procedures: Include method that will be used for separating recyclable waste including sizes of containers, container labeling, and designated location on Project site where materials separation will be located.
- D. Plan for and describe the means for securing waste containers from unauthorized users.
- E. Cost/Revenue Analysis: Indicate total cost of waste disposal as if there was no waste management plan and net additional cost or net savings resulting from implementing waste management plan. Include the following:
1. Total quantity of waste.
  2. Estimated cost of disposal (cost per unit). Include hauling and tipping fees and cost of collection containers for each type of waste.
  3. Total cost of disposal (with no waste management).
  4. Revenue from salvaged materials.
  5. Revenue from recycled materials.
  6. Savings in hauling and tipping fees by donating materials.
  7. Savings in hauling and tipping fees that are avoided.
  8. Handling and transportation costs. Include cost of collection containers for each type of waste.
  9. Net additional cost or net savings from waste management plan.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (This Part is only applicable if there is a Waste Management Plan for the project; a Waste Management Plan is NOT required by the Owner for this project. The information in this Part may be used as a reference for documenting the disposal of the construction and demolition waste on this project.)

### 3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- A. General: Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.

1. Comply with Division 01 Section “Temporary Facilities and Controls” for operation, termination, and removal requirements.
  2. Observe and follow site measures that prevent cross-contamination of waste. Cross-contamination could render some portion of waste to be non-recyclable, thereby disqualifying the Project from earning LEED Credit MR 2, and the exemplary performance credit of diverting 95% of waste from landfill.
- B. Waste Management Coordinator: Engage a waste management coordinator to be responsible for implementing, monitoring, and reporting status of waste management work plan. Coordinator shall be present at Project site full time for duration of Project. The Construction Superintendent may perform the role of Waste Management Coordinator.
- C. Training: Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures, as appropriate for the Work occurring at the Project site.
- a. Distribute waste management plan to everyone concerned within three days of submittal return.
  - b. Distribute waste management plan to entities upon execution of their contracts. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.
- D. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- a. Designate and label specific areas on Project site necessary for separating materials that are to be salvaged, recycled, reused, donated, and sold.
  - b. Comply with Division 01 Section “Temporary Facilities and Controls” for controlling dust and dirt, environmental protection, and noise control.

### 3.2 SALVAGING DEMOLITION WASTE

- A. Salvaged Items for Reuse in the Work:
1. Clean salvaged items.
  2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
  3. Store items in a secure area until installation.
  4. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
  5. Install salvaged items to comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make items functional for use indicated.
- B. Salvaged Items for Sale and Donation: Not permitted on Project site.
- C. Salvaged Items for Owner’s Use:
- a. Clean salvaged items.
  - b. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
  - c. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
  - d. Transport items to Owner’s storage area off-site designated by Owner.
  - e. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

- D. Doors and Hardware: Brace open end of door frames. Except for removing door closes, leave door hardware attached to doors.

### 3.3 RECYCLING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WASTE, GENERAL

#### A. General:

- a. Recycle paper and beverage containers used by on-site workers.
  - b. Concrete, masonry, or asphalt crushed and reused are to be identified and include in calculations.
  - c. Exclude hazardous waste from calculations.
- B. Recycling Incentives: Revenues, savings, rebates, tax credits, and other incentives received for recycling waste materials shall accrue to Contractor.
- C. Procedures: Separate recyclable waste from other waste materials, trash, and debris. Separate recyclable waste by type at Project site to the maximum extent practical.
- a. Provide appropriately marked containers or bins for controlling recyclable waste until they are removed from Project site. Include list of acceptable and unacceptable materials at each container and bin.
    - i. Inspect containers and bins for contamination and remove contaminated materials if found.
  - b. Stockpile processed materials on-site without intermixing with other materials. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
  - c. Stockpile materials away from construction area. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.
  - d. Store components off the ground and protect from the weather.
  - e. Remove recyclable waste off Owner's property and transport to recycling receiver or processor.

### 3.4 RECYCLING CONSTRUCTION WASTE

#### A. Packaging:

- a. Cardboard and Boxes: Break down packaging into flat sheets. Bundle and store in a dry location.
  - b. Polystyrene Packaging: Separate and bag materials.
  - c. Pallets: As much as possible, require deliveries using pallets to remove pallets from Project site. For pallets that remain on-site, break down pallets into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.
  - d. Crates: Break down crates into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.
- B. Site-Clearing Wastes: Chip brush, branches, and trees on-site.
- a. Comply with requirements in **Division 2 Section "Exterior Plants"** for use of chipped organic waste as organic mulch.

C. Wood Materials:

- a. Clean Cut-Offs of Lumber: Grind or chip into small pieces.
- b. Clean Sawdust; Bag sawdust that does not contain painted or treated wood.
  - i. Comply with requirements in **Division 2 Section "Exterior Plants"** for use of clean sawdust as organic mulch.

D. Gypsum Board: Stack large clean pieces on wood pallets and store in a dry location.

- a. Clean Gypsum board: Grind scraps of clean gypsum board using small mobile chipper or hammer mill. Screen out paper after grinding.
  - i. Comply with requirements in **Division 2 Section "Exterior Plants"** for use of clean ground gypsum board as inorganic soil amendment.

E. Metals: Separate metal by type or to meet requirements of recycling receiver or processor.

### 3.5 DISPOSAL OF WASTE

A. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged, recycled, or otherwise reused, remove waste materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in a landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

- a. Except as otherwise specified, do not allow excessive on-site accumulation of waste materials.
- b. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
- c. Coordinate with each product manufacturer for take-back programs. Set aside scrap to be returned to manufacturer for recycling into new product.

B. Burning: Do not burn waste materials.

C. Disposal: Transport waste materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

END OF SECTION 024200