

**MICHIGAN STATE  
U N I V E R S I T Y**

ELECTRONIC BIDDING

PUBLICLY BID AND ADVERTISED  
SPECIFICATION FOR

**Demonstration Hall – North Facade Window Replacement**

PROJECT NUMBER

**CP23025**

**Thursday, September 07, 2023**

AT

**MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY  
EAST LANSING, MICHIGAN**

Infrastructure Planning and Facilities  
Planning, Design and Construction

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The following project documents are available at the MSU Capital Project Delivery Procedures website:  
<http://procedures.ipf.msu.edu/procedures.ipf.msu.edu/index.cfm/capital-project-delivery-procedures/index.html>

[CONTRACTOR'S AFFIDAVIT, WAIVER OF LIEN AND WAGE STATEMENT](#)

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## **SCHEDULE OF DRAWINGS**

Project Title: **Demonstration Hall – North Facade Window Replacement**

Capital Project Number: **CP23025**

No. of Sheets: **11**

**ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS**

DATE: **September 7, 2023**

PROJECT TITLE: **Demonstration Hall – North Facade Window Replacement**

PROJECT NUMBER: **CP23025**

for

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY

located at

EAST LANSING, MICHIGAN

OWNER: **BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY**

ENGINEER/ARCHITECT: **PLANNING, DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION  
Infrastructure Planning and Facilities  
Michigan State University**

DESIGN REPRESENTATIVE: **Brandon Charland    PHONE: 810-836-4594**

CONSTRUCTION  
REPRESENTATIVE: **Brandon Charland    PHONE: 810-836-4594**

**Fishbeck  
39500 Mackenzie Drive  
Novi, MI 48377**

BID DUE DATE: Until 3:00 p.m. on **Tuesday, November 7, 2023**, the Owner will receive bids for the work as set forth in the Bidding Documents via the Owner's Oracle Primavera Unifier Bid Manager, at which time and place all proposals will be publicly opened. Bidders are responsible for properly registering for this process and familiarizing themselves with the system and its requirements. Registration information can be found at <https://ipf.msu.edu/construction/partners/prospective-partners>.

Proposals are invited for the following work:  
Proposal 1 – General Construction Work

This project involves replacement of the windows along the north facade of Demonstration Hall.

This project is publicly bid and advertised.

The substantial construction completion date for the project, as set forth in the project manual and drawings is **August 23, 2024**. See applicable start date and interim completion dates in the General Requirements (Division One) – Part 1 Work Sequence section.

**LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

Shall, or  Shall not be assessed for Substantial Completion at:

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ PER DAY

Shall, or  Shall not be assessed for Final Completion at:

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ PER DAY

**EXCLUSIONS FROM MUTUAL WAIVERS OF CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES:**

**DEFAULT IS NONE.** (If exclusions apply, project team to insert applicable exclusions below).

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The complete set of documents is also available for viewing through our new [MSU Plan Room](#) or via the MSU Planning, Design and Construction (PDC) web page at <https://ipf.msu.edu/construction/partners/prospective-partners>, and then select “Construction projects out to bid”.

**PLAN ROOMS**

The Bidding documents are on file and may be examined at the following locations during regular business hours, Monday through Friday:

Builders Exchange of Lansing &  
Central Michigan  
1240 East Saginaw  
Lansing, MI 48906

Dodge Data & Analytics  
25330 Telegraph Road, Suite 350  
Southfield, MI 48009

Dodge Data & Analytics  
914 E. Vine Street  
Kalamazoo, MI 49001

Dodge Data & Analytics  
1311 South Linden Road, Suite B  
Flint, MI 48532

Builders Exchange  
P.O. Box 2031  
Grand Rapids, MI 49501

Tri-City Builders & Traders Exchange  
334 South Water  
Saginaw, MI 48607

Construction Association of Michigan  
43636 Woodward Avenue  
P. O. Box 3204  
Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302-3204

Builders Exchange  
3431 East Kilgore  
Kalamazoo, MI 49001

CNS Construction News Service  
of West Michigan, Inc.  
1793 R. W. Berends Dr. SW.  
Wyoming, MI 49509-4993

MMSDC Michigan Minority Supplier  
Development Council.  
100 River Place STE 300  
Detroit, MI 48207

Builders Exchange of NW MI, Inc.  
1373 Barlow St., Suite 4  
Traverse City, MI 49686

Capital Imaging  
2521 East Michigan Avenue  
Lansing, MI 48912

A pre-bid site inspection will be held on **Wednesday, October 25, 2023 at 1:00 p.m.** All interested Contractors or Bidders are encouraged to attend. Interested parties should meet at the **main entrance (north side) of Demonstration Hall**. All Contractors submitting bids for the work will be held to have visited the site prior to submitting bids.

Each proposal shall be accompanied by a bid security as set forth in the Instructions to Bidders.

The Owner reserves the right to reject any or all proposals either in whole or in part and to waive any irregularities.

Withdrawal of any proposal is prohibited for a period of 120 days after the actual date of the opening thereof.

Performance and Labor and Material Bonds are required as set forth in the Instructions to Bidders.

All prospective Bidders, their Subcontractors and suppliers must be awardable by and in compliance with the directives and guidelines of the Contract Compliance Division of the Michigan Civil Rights Commission.

### **SUBCONTRACTING AND SUPPLIER DIVERSITY**

The University makes a continuous effort to broaden its business relationships with Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) contractors, Women Business Enterprise (WBE) contractors, and small business concerns (including veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran owned small business, HUB Zone small business, and small disadvantaged business concerns certified by the U.S. Small Business Administration). For the purposes of this provision, suppliers are considered subcontractors. If third parties are needed to fulfill contractual obligations to the University, you are strongly encouraged to consider all qualified sources, including WBE, MBE, and small business subcontractors. For purposes of this paragraph, MBE is defined as a business enterprise of which more than 50% of the voting shares or interest in the business is owned, controlled, and operated by individuals who are members of a minority and with respect to which more than 50% of the net profit or loss attributable to the business accrues to shareholders who are members of a minority. WBE is defined as a business enterprise of which more than 50% of the voting shares or interest in the business is owned, controlled, and operated by women and with respect to which more than 50% of the net profit or loss attributable to the business accrues to the women shareholders.

The apparent Low Bidder shall, within 24 hours, after receipt of bids, provide the names of any MBE/WBE/small business subcontractors, description of work to be done by each, dollar value of work, and percentage of contract price. This information shall be included with the contract breakdown specified in Section 012000.1.4 of the specifications.

The Michigan State University Purchasing Department maintains a list of known Minority and Women Business Enterprises in the region for informational purposes. Bidders can obtain a copy of this list by calling (517) 355-0357. This list is not intended to be comprehensive. Similarly, it does not constitute an endorsement or certification of acceptability of the contractors and vendors included.

## INSTRUCTION TO BIDDERS

### ARTICLE 1

#### DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 Bidding Documents include the Advertisement or Invitation to Bid, Instruction to Bidders, the Bid Form, other sample bidding and Contract forms and the proposed Contract Documents including any Addenda issued prior to receipt of Bids.
- 1.2 All definitions set forth in ConsensusDocs 200- Standard Agreement and General Conditions Between Owner and Constructor (as modified by MSU) and in other Contract Documents are applicable to the Bidding Documents.
- 1.3 **Addenda** are written or graphic instruments, issued by the Architect prior to the receipt of Bids, which modify or interpret the Bidding Documents by addition, deletions, clarifications or corrections.
- 1.4 A **Bid** is a complete and properly signed proposal to do the Work or designated portion thereof, for the sums stipulated therein, supported by data called for by the Bidding Documents.
- 1.5 **Base Bid** is the sum stated in the Bid for which the Bidder offers to perform the Work described as the base, to which Work may be added or deducted for sums stated in Alternate Bids.
- 1.6 An **Alternate Bid** (or Alternate) is an amount stated in the Proposal to be added to or deducted from the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding change in project scope or materials or methods of construction described in the Bidding Documents is accepted.
- 1.7 A **Unit Price** is an amount stated in the Bid as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services as described in the Contract Documents.
- 1.8 A **Bidder** is one who submits a Bid for a prime Contract with the Owner for the Work described in the proposed Contract Documents.
- 1.9 A **Sub-bidder** is one who submits a Bid to a Bidder for materials or labor for a portion of the Work.
- 1.10 **Bid Manager** is the Oracle Primavera Unifier Bid Manager application used the by the Owner to received competitive bids for this project.

## ARTICLE 2

### BIDDER'S REPRESENTATION

2.1 Each Bidder, by making his/her Bid, represents that:

- 2.1.1 They have read and understand the Bidding Documents and their Bid is made in accordance therewith.
- 2.1.2 They have visited the site and are familiar with the local conditions under which the Work is to be performed.
- 2.1.3 Their Bid is based upon the materials, systems and equipment described in the Bidding Documents, without exceptions.

## ARTICLE 3

### BIDDING DOCUMENTS

#### 3.1 COPIES

3.1.1 Bidders may obtain complete sets of the Bidding Documents via the MSU PLANNING, DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION web page at <https://ipf.msu.edu/construction/partners/prospective-partners>, or as outlined in the Advertisement for Bids, page AB-2.

- 3.1.2 Complete sets of Bidding Documents shall be used in preparing Bids; neither the Owner nor the Architect assume any responsibility for errors or misinterpretations resulting from the use of incomplete sets of Bidding Documents.
- 3.1.3 The Owner or Architect, in making copies of the Bidding Documents available on the above terms, does so only for the purpose of obtaining Bids on the Work and does not confer a license or grant for any other use.

#### 3.2 INTERPRETATION OR CORRECTION OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS

- 3.2.1 Bidders shall promptly notify the Architect of any ambiguity, inconsistency or error which they may discover upon examination of the Bidding Documents or of the site and local conditions.
- 3.2.2 Bidders requiring clarification or interpretation of the Bidding Documents shall make a written request to be received by the Architect at least fourteen days prior to the date for receipt of Bids.
- 3.2.3 Any interpretation, correction or change of the Bidding Documents will be made by Addendum. Interpretations, corrections or changes of the Bidding Documents made in any other manner will not be binding, and Bidders shall not rely upon such interpretations, corrections and changes.

### 3.3 SUBSTITUTIONS

- 3.3.1 The materials, products and equipment described in the Bidding Documents establish a standard of required function, dimension, appearance, and quality to be met by any proposed substitution.
- 3.3.2 No substitution will be considered unless written request for approval has been submitted by the Bidder and has been received by the Architect at least fourteen days prior to the date for receipt of Bids. Each such request shall include the name of the material or equipment for which it is to be substituted and a complete description of the proposed substitute including drawings, cuts, performance and test data, and any other information necessary for an evaluation. A statement setting forth any changes in other materials, equipment or work that incorporation of the substitute would require shall be included. It is the burden of the bidder proposing the substitution to establish its merits. The Architect's decision of approval or disapproval of a proposed substitution shall be final.
- 3.3.3 If the Architect approves any proposed substitution, such approval will be set forth in an Addendum. Bidders shall not rely upon approvals made in any other manner.

### 3.4 ADDENDA

- 3.4.1 The Architect and Owner will endeavor to notify all known plan holders of addenda issued, but it is the Bidder's responsibility to verify receipt of all addenda.
- 3.4.2 Copies of Addenda will be made available for inspection wherever Bidding Documents are on file for that purpose.
- 3.4.3 Normally Addenda will not be issued later than five days prior to the date for receipt of Bids except an Addendum, if necessary, postponing the date for receipt of Bids or withdrawing the request for Bids.
- 3.4.4 Each Bidder shall ascertain prior to submitting their Bid that they have received all Addenda issued, and receipt of all Addenda shall be acknowledged on their bid.

## ARTICLE 4

### BIDDING PROCEDURE

#### 4.1 FORM AND STYLE OF BIDS

- 4.1.1 Bids shall be submitted via the Bid Manager on the form specified.
- 4.1.2 All fields on the Bid Form shall be completed.
- 4.1.3 All requested Alternates shall be listed and quoted in the Bid Manager. Failure to quote a requested Alternate will be cause to reject the Bid.

4.1.3.1 If an alternate is added via Addendum, bidders will include by [adding new line to bid form, clearly labeling ALTERNATE X(x being the number)] or [providing pricing on an attachment, also clearly labeling pricing for Alternate.]

- 4.1.4 All requested Unit Prices shall be listed and quoted via attachment in the Bid Manager. Failure to quote a requested Unit Price will be cause to reject the Bid.
- 4.1.5 Acknowledge the receipt of the last Addendum on the Bid Form. By acknowledging this addendum, Bidder also acknowledges receipt of all prior consecutive addenda (e.g., acknowledging Addendum 3 also acknowledges Addendum 1 and 2).
- 4.1.6 Bidder shall make no additional stipulations on the Bid Form nor qualify its Bid in any manner.
- 4.1.7 By submitting a Bid via the Bid Manager, the Bidder has committed the offer to perform the Work. The Owner will rely on this document as properly signed by the Bidder. The Owner may rely on this commitment, including submitting a claim on the Bidder's Bid Bond if they fail to enter into a contract per the project manual.

## 4.2 BID SECURITY

- 4.2.1 Any base bid greater than \$50,000 shall be accompanied by a Bid Security in the form of a bid bond made payable to the Board of Trustees, Michigan State University, in the amount of not less than five percent (5%) of the Base Bid, as a proposal guarantee, pledging that the Bidder will enter into a Contract with the Owner on the terms stated in its Bid, and will furnish bonds as described hereunder in Article 8 covering the faithful performance of the Contract and the payment of all obligations arising thereunder. Bidder shall attach a scanned copy of the bid bond to the bid in Unifier Bid Manager.

As an alternative to a bid bond, Bidders may provide certified check, cashiers' check, or money order made payable to the Board of Trustees, Michigan State University, in the amount of not less than five percent (5%) of the Base Bid, to be delivered to MSU Infrastructure Planning and Facilities, 1147 Chestnut Road, Room 101, East Lansing, MI 48824. The proposal guarantee of Bidders under consideration will be returned immediately after approval of contracts by the Owner; those of all others will normally be returned upon request within 48 hours after bid opening.

Should the Bidder refuse to enter into a Contract or fail to furnish such bonds within 30 days of notification of intent to award, the amount of the Bid Security shall be forfeited to the Owner as liquidated damages, not as penalty.

- 4.2.2 The bonding firm must be listed on the current U.S. Department of Treasury Circular 570, rated A- or better by Best, and be licensed to do business in the State of Michigan. The bonds are to be made out to "Michigan State University, Board of Trustees."
- 4.2.3 The Owner will have the right to retain the Bid Security of Bidders under consideration until either (a) the Contract has been executed and bonds have been furnished, or (b) the specified time has elapsed so that Bids may be withdrawn, or (c) all Bids have been rejected.

4.3 SUBMISSION OF BIDS

- 4.3.1 Bids shall be completed prior to the time and date for receipt of Bids indicated in the Advertisement or Invitation to Bid, or any extension thereof made by Addendum. Bids received after the time and date for receipt of Bids will not be considered.
- 4.3.2 Bidder shall assume full responsibility for timely delivery at location designated for receipt of Bids.
- 4.3.3 Oral, telephone, paper, or faxed Bids are invalid and will not receive consideration.

4.4 MODIFICATION OR WITHDRAWAL OF BID

- 4.4.1 A Bid may not be modified, withdrawn, or canceled by the Bidder during the stipulated time period following the time and date designated for the receipt of Bids, and Bidder so agrees in submitting his/her Bid.
- 4.4.2 Prior to the time and date designated for receipt of Bids, Bids submitted early may be modified or withdrawn only by withdrawing current Bid, and resubmitting within the Bid Manager.
- 4.4.3 Bid security shall be in an amount sufficient for the Bid as modified or resubmitted.

4.5 BIDDER REGISTRATION

- 4.5.1 The Owner will only receive Bids via the Bid Manager, which requires prior registration and invitation. The Bidder is responsible to familiarize itself with this system and request access in a timely manner.
- 4.5.2 The Owner will endeavor to maintain a list of all interested bidders and invite to all public bids. Bidders interested in being added to this list must register. Registration information can be found at <https://ipf.msu.edu/construction/partners/prospective-partners>.
- 4.5.3 Bidders are encouraged to continue to monitor projects via plan rooms and other advertising venues. They must express interest to bid on MSU projects by request at least 7 days prior to a bid opening. Owner takes no responsibility for inviting a bidder after that date.

ARTICLE 5

CONSIDERATION OF BIDS

5.1 OPENING OF BIDS

- 5.1.1 Unless stated otherwise in the Advertisement or Invitation to Bid, the properly identified Bids received on time will be opened publicly and will be read aloud. Opening will generally take place in MSU Infrastructure Planning and Facilities Building, 1147 Chestnut Road, East Lansing, Michigan 48824.

IB-6  
INSTRUCTIONS  
TO BIDDERS

- 5.1.1.1 Unless stated otherwise in the Advertisement or Invitation to Bid, the Owner will endeavor to share bid results within 24 hours of opening.
- 5.1.1.2 The Owner will endeavor to stream the bid opening, and will share details in the bid invitation

5.2 REJECTION OF BIDS

- 5.2.1 The Owner shall have the right to reject any or all Bids.

5.3 ACCEPTANCE OF BID (AWARD)

- 5.3.1 The Owner shall have the right to waive any informality or irregularity in any Bid received.
- 5.3.2 If the University accepts any alternates, it will do so in the order representing the Owner's opinion of the best value to Michigan State University. The Owner shall be the sole judge of value. The low bidder will be determined on the basis of the sum of the base bid and the alternates accepted.

5.4 ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTORS

- 5.4.1 Each portion of the Work shall be performed by an organization equipped and experienced to do the Work in each particular field, and no portion shall be reserved by the Contractor unless they are so equipped and experienced. Within 24 hours after the receipt of Bids, the successful Contractor shall submit a list of each Subcontractor proposed for each section of the Work. Subcontractors shall be satisfactory to the Owner. Unless authorized to the contrary in writing from the Owner, Subcontracts shall be awarded to the firms named in this list. Acceptance of the Bid does not imply approval of the Subcontractors subsequently named, but each Subcontractor shall be approved individually.

ARTICLE 6

QUALIFICATION OF CONTRACTORS

6.1 SUBMISSION OF QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

- 6.1.1 Bidders to whom award of a Contract is under consideration shall submit to the Architect upon his/her request, a properly executed Contractor's Qualification Statement, Consensus Docs 221 – Constructor's Statement of Qualifications for a Specific Project, unless such a Statement has been previously required and submitted as a prerequisite to the issuance of Bidding Documents.

## 6.2 NONDISCRIMINATION

6.2.1 In performing under this Contract, the Contractor agrees not to discriminate against any employee, or applicant for employment, with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment, or any matter directly or indirectly related to employment, because of race, color, religion, national origin, age, sex, height or weight, marital status or handicap. Subcontracts with each Subcontractor will contain a provision requiring nondiscrimination in employment, as herein specified. Any breach of this covenant may be regarded as a material breach of this Contract. The foregoing is included as a part of the University's institutional Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity commitment.

## 6.3 APPROVED ASBESTOS ABATEMENT CONTRACTORS

6.3.1 The Department of Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) annually prequalifies asbestos abatement contractors to perform asbestos abatement work on Campus. Asbestos abatement work shall only be performed by one of the asbestos abatement contractors on the approved list. The current list is available from the PDC Project Representative, the Environmental Coordinator for EHS, and at [https://ehs.msu.edu/\\_assets/docs/asbestos/2022-asbestos-contractors.pdf](https://ehs.msu.edu/_assets/docs/asbestos/2022-asbestos-contractors.pdf).

## ARTICLE 7

### POST-BID INFORMATION

#### 7.1 SUBMISSIONS

7.1.1 Unless waived by the Architect, the apparent low Bidder shall, within 24 hours after receipt of bids, submit the following information to the Architect:

7.1.1.1 A designation of the Work to be performed by the Bidder with their own forces.

7.1.1.2 The proprietary names and the suppliers of principal items or systems of material and equipment proposed for the Work.

7.1.1.3 A list of names of the Subcontractors or other persons or organizations (including those who are to furnish materials or equipment fabricated to a special design) proposed for each division and/or major subdivision, for the Owner's approval.

7.1.1.4 The names of the MBE/WBE and a description of work to be done by each, dollar value of Work and percentage of Contract price.

7.1.1.5 List of representatives authorized to perform Unifier functions on behalf of the contractor using the Unifier New Company Request, available at [Unifier System Vendor Information Form](#).

7.1.1.6 Certificate of Insurance demonstrating compliance with project requirements.

7.1.2 At the option of the Owner, the Bidder may be required to establish to the satisfaction of the Architect and the Owner the capability, reliability, and responsibility of the proposed Contractor and Subcontractors to furnish and perform the Work.

7.1.3 Subcontractors and other persons and organizations proposed by the Bidder and accepted by the Owner and the Architect must be used on the Work for which they were proposed and accepted and shall not be changed except with the written approval of the Owner and the Architect.

## ARTICLE 8

### PERFORMANCE BOND AND LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND

#### 8.1 OWNER'S RIGHT TO REQUIRE BONDS

8.1.1 Each Bidder under a proposal in which the base bid exceeds \$50,000, shall include the premiums for furnishing a Performance Bond and also Labor Material Bond, each in the full amount of the proposal sum as specified in the Owner / Constructor Agreement.

8.1.2 The bonding firm must be listed on the current U.S. Department of Treasury Circular 570, rated A- or better by Best, and be licensed to do business in the State of Michigan. The bonds are to be made out to "Michigan State University, Board of Trustees."

8.1.3 In assuming assigned Subcontractor by the successful Bidder for general building work as specified, each assigned Subcontractor for each Subcontract shall reimburse the General Contractor his/her proportionate share of the premiums for bonds.

#### 8.2 TIME OF DELIVERY AND FORM OF BONDS AND INSURANCE

8.2.1 The Bidder shall deliver two (2) copies of the required bonds and insurance to the Owner not later than the date of execution of the Contract.

8.2.2 The Bidder shall require the Attorney-In-Fact who executes the required bonds on behalf of the surety to affix thereto a certified and current copy of his/her Power of Attorney.

## ARTICLE 9

### FORM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR

#### 9.1 FORM TO BE USED

9.1.1 The Agreement for the Work will be governed by the project manual, and by the terms and conditions of ConsensusDocs 200- Standard Agreement and General Conditions Between Owner and Constructor (as modified by MSU).

9.1.2 If the project is under \$250,000, an MSU Purchase Order will be used and the terms and conditions of ConsensusDocs 200- Standard Agreement and General Conditions Between Owner and Constructor (as modified by MSU), will serve as the applicable General Conditions for administration of the Work.

9.1.3 If the project is over \$250,000, the ConsensusDocs 200- Standard Agreement and General Conditions Between Owner and Constructor will be used and the terms and conditions of that Agreement will be formalized through the execution of a Contract Finalization Form.

## ARTICLE 10

### APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

#### 10.1 FORM TO BE USED

10.1.1 Applications for Payment shall be submitted in Unifier in accordance with the Pay Apps (Pay Applications) business process. Refer to the MSU IPF website for more information

## ARTICLE 11

### ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS

#### 11.1 UNIFIER

11.1.1 The Owner reserves the right to require that any or all transactions and submissions be conducted and delivered electronically through Unifier, a web-based project management software system. Unifier functions on most popular web browsers. If the owner requires the use of Unifier, the owner will provide the necessary licenses for access into Unifier and the initial training necessary to use Unifier. Access to Unifier will be password restricted, and any proposal, acceptance, quote or other information submitted through Unifier through the use of a party's password shall be deemed to be the submission of such party and any proposal, acceptance, quote or other information in the submission shall be binding on such party as if such proposal, acceptance, quote or other information was in a writing signed by such party. Owner shall not be required to verify the validity of any such submission or inquire as to the authority of the user gaining access to Unifier through the use of a party's password. The following are the minimum Unifier user software and hardware requirements. It is the responsibility of the vendor to verify compatibility of their systems with Unifier. For more information, see Unifier System Vendor Information Form.

#### 11.2 CONTRACT EXECUTION

11.2.1 The Owner may choose to accept a scanned signed contract, provided through Unifier, as acceptance of the agreement. The Owner will rely on this document as properly signed by the Constructor.

## **SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 PROJECT**

- A. Project Name: MSU Demonstration Hall North Facade Window Replacement
- B. Architect's Name: Fishbeck.
- C. The Project consists of the replacement of windows on the north facade of Demonstration Hall.

#### **1.2 DESCRIPTION OF ALTERATIONS WORK**

- A. Scope of demolition and removal work is indicated on drawings and specified in Section 02 41 00.
- B. Contractor shall remove and deliver the following to Owner prior to start of work:
  - 1. Security access equipment, e.g. electronic card readers.
  - 2. Existing door hardware.

#### **1.3 WORK BY OWNER**

- A. Owner will supply and install the following:
  - 1. Replacement doors and door hardware.
  - 2. Reinstallation of salvaged security access equipment.

#### **1.4 OWNER OCCUPANCY**

- A. Owner intends to continue to occupy adjacent portions of the existing building during the entire construction period.
- B. Owner intends to occupy the Project upon Substantial Completion.
- C. Cooperate with Owner to minimize conflict and to facilitate Owner's operations.
- D. Schedule the Work to accommodate Owner occupancy.

1.5 CONTRACTOR USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

- A. Construction Operations: Limited to areas noted on Drawings.
  - 1. Locate and conduct construction activities in ways that will limit disturbance to site.
  - 2. If openings must be left open overnight, provide temporary walls to prevent entry to building.
- B. Arrange use of site and premises to allow:
  - 1. Owner occupancy.
  - 2. Work by Owner.
- C. Provide access to and from site as required by law and by Owner:
  - 1. Emergency Building Exits During Construction: Keep all exits required by code open during construction period; provide temporary exit signs if exit routes are temporarily altered.
  - 2. Do not obstruct roadways, sidewalks, or other public ways without permit.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

## **SECTION 012000 - PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Procedures for preparation and submittal of applications for progress payments.

#### **1.2 SCHEDULE OF VALUES**

- A. Electronic media printout including equivalent information will be considered in lieu of standard form specified; submit draft to Architect for approval.
- B. Forms filled out by hand will not be accepted.

#### **1.3 APPLICATIONS FOR PROGRESS PAYMENTS**

- A. Payment Period: Submit at intervals stipulated in the Agreement.
- B. Electronic media printout including equivalent information will be considered in lieu of standard form specified; submit sample to Architect for approval.
- C. Forms filled out by hand will not be accepted.
- D. Execute certification by signature of authorized officer.
- E. Submit one electronic and three hard-copies of each Application for Payment.

#### **1.4 MODIFICATION PROCEDURES**

- A. For minor changes not involving an adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time, Architect will issue instructions directly to Contractor.
- B. For other required changes, Architect will issue a document signed by Owner instructing Contractor to proceed with the change, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order.
  1. The document will describe the required changes and will designate method of determining any change in Contract Sum or Contract Time.
  2. Promptly execute the change.
- C. For changes for which advance pricing is desired, Architect will issue a document that includes a detailed description of a proposed change with supplementary or revised drawings and specifications, a change in Contract Time for executing the change with a stipulation of any overtime work required and the period of time during which the requested price will be considered valid. Contractor shall prepare and submit a fixed price quotation within 14 days.

- D. Contractor may propose a change by submitting a request for change to Architect, describing the proposed change and its full effect on the work, with a statement describing the reason for the change, and the effect on the Contract Sum and Contract Time with full documentation. Document any requested substitutions in accordance with Section 01 6000.
- E. Computation of Change in Contract Amount: As specified in the Agreement and Conditions of the Contract.
- F. Execution of Change Orders: Architect will issue Change Orders for signatures of parties as provided in the Conditions of the Contract.
- G. After execution of Change Order, promptly revise Schedule of Values and Application for Payment forms to record each authorized Change Order as a separate line item and adjust the Contract Sum.
- H. Promptly revise progress schedules to reflect any change in Contract Time, revise sub-schedules to adjust times for other items of work affected by the change, and resubmit.
- I. Promptly enter changes in Project Record Documents.

#### 1.5 APPLICATION FOR FINAL PAYMENT

- A. Prepare Application for Final Payment as specified for progress payments, identifying total adjusted Contract Sum, previous payments, and sum remaining due.
- B. Application for Final Payment will not be considered until the following have been accomplished:
  - 1. All closeout procedures specified in Section 01 70 00.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

## **SECTION 012300 - ALTERNATES**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Description of Alternates.**

#### **1.2 ACCEPTANCE OF ALTERNATES**

- A. Alternates quoted on Bid Forms will be reviewed and accepted or rejected at Owner's option. Accepted Alternates will be identified in the Owner-Contractor Agreement.**

#### **1.3 SCHEDULE OF ALTERNATES**

- A. Alternate No. 1:**
  - 1. Base Bid Item: Steel windows as drawn and specified.
  - 2. Alternate Item: Aluminum windows that match specified steel windows, i.e. with thermally broken frame and simulated divided lite with operability and profile details.

### **PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED**

### **PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED**

**END OF SECTION**

## **SECTION 013000 - ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. General administrative requirements.
- B. Electronic document submittal service.
- C. Preconstruction meeting.
- D. Progress meetings.
- E. Construction progress schedule.
- F. Coordination drawings.
- G. Submittals for review, information, and project closeout.
- H. Number of copies of submittals.
- I. Requests for Interpretation (RFI) procedures.
- J. Submittal procedures.

#### **1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 01 60 00 - Product Requirements: General product requirements.
- B. Section 01 70 00 - Execution and Closeout Requirements: Additional coordination requirements.

#### **1.3 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 01 70 00 - Execution and Closeout Requirements for coordination of execution of administrative tasks with timing of construction activities.
- B. Make the following types of submittals to Architect:
  - 1. Requests for Interpretation (RFI).
  - 2. Requests for substitution.
  - 3. Shop drawings, product data, and samples.
  - 4. Test and inspection reports.
  - 5. Design data.
  - 6. Manufacturer's instructions and field reports.

7. Applications for payment and change order requests.
8. Progress schedules.
9. Coordination drawings.
10. Correction Punch List and Final Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.
11. Closeout submittals.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 ELECTRONIC DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL SERVICE

- A. All documents transmitted for purposes of administration of the contract are to be in electronic (PDF, MS Word, or MS Excel) format, as appropriate to the document, and transmitted via an Internet-based submittal service that receives, logs and stores documents, provides electronic stamping and signatures, and notifies addressees via email.
  1. Besides submittals for review, information, and closeout, this procedure applies to Requests for Interpretation (RFIs), progress documentation, contract modification documents (e.g. supplementary instructions, change proposals, change orders), applications for payment, field reports and meeting minutes, Contractor's correction punchlist, and any other document any participant wishes to make part of the project record.
  2. Contractor and Architect are required to use this service.
  3. It is Contractor's responsibility to submit documents in allowable format.
  4. Subcontractors, suppliers, and Architect's consultants are to be permitted to use the service at no extra charge.
  5. Users of the service need an email address, internet access, and PDF review software that includes ability to mark up and apply electronic stamps (such as Adobe Acrobat, [www.adobe.com](http://www.adobe.com), or Bluebeam PDF Revu, [www.bluebeam.com](http://www.bluebeam.com)), unless such software capability is provided by the service provider.
  6. Paper document transmittals will not be reviewed; emailed electronic documents will not be reviewed.
  7. All other specified submittal and document transmission procedures apply, except that electronic document requirements do not apply to samples or color selection charts.
- B. Cost: The cost of the service is to be paid by Contractor; include the cost of the service in the Contract Sum.
- C. Submittal Service: Use one of the following:
  1. Newforma ConstructEx: [www.newforma.com/products/constructex/#sle](http://www.newforma.com/products/constructex/#sle).
  2. PlanGrid: <https://construction.autodesk.com/products/plangrid/>.
  3. Others as approved by Owner and Architect.
- D. Project Closeout: Architect will determine when to terminate the service for the project and is responsible for obtaining archive copies of files for Owner.

3.2 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. Schedule meeting after Notice of Award.
- B. Attendance Required:
  - 1. Owner.
  - 2. Architect.
  - 3. Contractor.
- C. Agenda:
  - 1. Execution of Owner-Contractor Agreement.
  - 2. Submission of executed bonds and insurance certificates.
  - 3. Distribution of Contract Documents.
  - 4. Submission of list of subcontractors, list of products, schedule of values, and progress schedule.
  - 5. Procedures and processing of field decisions, submittals, substitutions, applications for payments, proposal request, Change Orders, and Contract closeout procedures.
  - 6. Scheduling.
- D. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with two copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

3.3 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Schedule and administer meetings throughout progress of the work at maximum bi-monthly intervals.
- B. Make arrangements for meetings, prepare agenda with copies for participants, preside at meetings.
- C. Attendance Required:
  - 1. Contractor.
  - 2. Owner.
  - 3. Architect.
  - 4. Contractor's superintendent.
  - 5. Major subcontractors.
- D. Agenda:
  - 1. Review minutes of previous meetings.
  - 2. Review of work progress.
  - 3. Field observations, problems, and decisions.
  - 4. Identification of problems that impede, or will impede, planned progress.
  - 5. Review of submittals schedule and status of submittals.
  - 6. Review of RFIs log and status of responses.
  - 7. Maintenance of progress schedule.
  - 8. Corrective measures to regain projected schedules.

9. Planned progress during succeeding work period.
10. Maintenance of quality and work standards.
11. Effect of proposed changes on progress schedule and coordination.
12. Other business relating to work.

E. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

3.4 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE - SEE SECTION 01 32 16

- A. Within 10 days after date of the Agreement, submit preliminary schedule defining planned operations for the first 60 days of work, with a general outline for remainder of work.
- B. Within 10 days after joint review, submit complete schedule.
- C. Submit updated schedule with each Application for Payment.

3.5 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. Review drawings prior to submission to Architect.

3.6 REQUESTS FOR INTERPRETATION (RFI)

- A. Definition: A request seeking one of the following:
  1. An interpretation, amplification, or clarification of some requirement of Contract Documents arising from inability to determine from them the exact material, process, or system to be installed; or when the elements of construction are required to occupy the same space (interference); or when an item of work is described differently at more than one place in Contract Documents.
  2. A resolution to an issue which has arisen due to field conditions and affects design intent.
- B. Whenever possible, request clarifications at the next appropriate project progress meeting, with response entered into meeting minutes, rendering unnecessary the issuance of a formal RFI.
- C. Preparation: Prepare an RFI immediately upon discovery of a need for interpretation of Contract Documents. Failure to submit a RFI in a timely manner is not a legitimate cause for claiming additional costs or delays in execution of the work.
  1. Prepare a separate RFI for each specific item.
    - a. Review, coordinate, and comment on requests originating with subcontractors and/or materials suppliers.
    - b. Do not forward requests which solely require internal coordination between subcontractors.
  2. Prepare in a format and with content acceptable to Owner.
    - a. Use AIA G716 - Request for Information .
  3. Combine RFI and its attachments into a single electronic file. PDF format is preferred.

- D. Reason for the RFI: Prior to initiation of an RFI, carefully study all Contract Documents to confirm that information sufficient for their interpretation is definitely not included.
  - 1. Include in each request Contractor's signature attesting to good faith effort to determine from Contract Documents information requiring interpretation.
  - 2. Unacceptable Uses for RFIs: Do not use RFIs to request the following:
    - a. Approval of submittals (use procedures specified elsewhere in this section).
    - b. Approval of substitutions (see Section - 01 60 00 - Product Requirements)
  - 3. Improper RFIs: Requests not prepared in compliance with requirements of this section, and/or missing key information required to render an actionable response. They will be returned without a response, with an explanatory notation.
- E. Content: Include identifiers necessary for tracking the status of each RFI, and information necessary to provide an actionable response.
  - 1. Official Project name and number, and any additional required identifiers established in Contract Documents.
  - 2. Owner's, Architect's, and Contractor's names.
  - 3. Discrete and consecutive RFI number, and descriptive subject/title.
  - 4. Issue date, and requested reply date.
  - 5. Reference to particular Contract Document(s) requiring additional information/interpretation. Identify pertinent drawing and detail number and/or specification section number, title, and paragraph(s).
  - 6. Annotations: Field dimensions and/or description of conditions which have engendered the request.
  - 7. Contractor's suggested resolution: A written and/or a graphic solution, to scale, is required in cases where clarification of coordination issues is involved, for example; routing, clearances, and/or specific locations of work shown diagrammatically in Contract Documents. If applicable, state the likely impact of the suggested resolution on Contract Time or the Contract Sum.
- F. Attachments: Include sketches, coordination drawings, descriptions, photos, submittals, and other information necessary to substantiate the reason for the request.
- G. RFI Log: Prepare and maintain a tabular log of RFIs for the duration of the project.
  - 1. Indicate current status of every RFI. Update log promptly and on a regular basis.
  - 2. Note dates of when each request is made, and when a response is received.
  - 3. Highlight items requiring priority or expedited response.
- H. Review Time: Architect will respond and return RFIs to Contractor within seven calendar days of receipt. For the purpose of establishing the start of the mandated response period, RFIs received after 12:00 noon will be considered as having been received on the following regular working day.

- I. Responses: Content of answered RFIs will not constitute in any manner a directive or authorization to perform extra work or delay the project. If in Contractor's belief it is likely to lead to a change to Contract Sum or Contract Time, promptly issue a notice to this effect, and follow up with an appropriate Change Order request to Owner.
  1. Response may include a request for additional information, in which case the original RFI will be deemed as having been answered, and an amended one is to be issued forthwith. Identify the amended RFI with an R suffix to the original number.
  2. Upon receipt of a response, promptly review and distribute it to all affected parties, and update the RFI Log.
  3. Notify Architect within seven calendar days if an additional or corrected response is required by submitting an amended version of the original RFI, identified as specified above.

### 3.7 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for review:
  1. Product data.
  2. Design data.
  3. Shop drawings.
  4. Samples for verification.
- B. Submit to Architect for review for the limited purpose of checking for compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in Contract Documents.
- C. Samples will be reviewed for aesthetic, color, or finish selection.
- D. After review, provide copies and distribute in accordance with SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES article below and for record documents purposes described in Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals.

### 3.8 SUBMITTALS FOR INFORMATION

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for information:
  1. Certificates.
  2. Test reports.
  3. Inspection reports.
  4. Manufacturer's instructions.
  5. Manufacturer's field reports.
  6. Other types indicated.
- B. Submit for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator or for Owner.

### 3.9 SUBMITTALS FOR PROJECT CLOSEOUT

- A. Submit Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.

- B. Submit Final Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.
- C. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them at project closeout in compliance with requirements of Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals:
  - 1. Project record documents.
  - 2. Operation and maintenance data.
  - 3. Warranties.
  - 4. Bonds.
  - 5. Other types as indicated.
- D. Submit for Owner's benefit during and after project completion.

### 3.10 NUMBER OF COPIES OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Electronic Documents: Submit one electronic copy in PDF format; an electronically-marked up file will be returned. Create PDFs at native size and right-side up; illegible files will be rejected.
- B. Samples: Submit the number specified in individual specification sections; one of which will be retained by Architect.
  - 1. After review, produce duplicates.
  - 2. Retained samples will not be returned to Contractor unless specifically so stated.

### 3.11 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Use a single transmittal for related items.
  - 2. Identify: Project; Contractor; subcontractor or supplier; pertinent drawing and detail number; and specification section number and article/paragraph, as appropriate on each copy.
  - 3. Apply Contractor's stamp, signed or initialed certifying that review, approval, verification of products required, field dimensions, adjacent construction work, and coordination of information is in accordance with the requirements of the work and Contract Documents.
    - a. Submittals from sources other than the Contractor, or without Contractor's stamp will not be acknowledged, reviewed, or returned.
  - 4. Identify variations from Contract Documents and product or system limitations that may be detrimental to successful performance of the completed work.
  - 5. Provide space for Contractor and Architect review stamps.
  - 6. When revised for resubmission, identify all changes made since previous submission.
  - 7. Distribute reviewed submittals. Instruct parties to promptly report inability to comply with requirements.
  - 8. Submittals not requested will be recognized, and will be returned "Not Reviewed",
- B. Product Data Procedures:
  - 1. Submit only information required by individual specification sections.
  - 2. Collect required information into a single submittal.

3. Submit concurrently with related shop drawing submittal.
4. Do not submit (Material) Safety Data Sheets for materials or products.

C. Shop Drawing Procedures:

1. Prepare accurate, drawn-to-scale, original shop drawing documentation by interpreting Contract Documents and coordinating related work.
2. Do not reproduce Contract Documents to create shop drawings.
3. Generic, non-project-specific information submitted as shop drawings do not meet the requirements for shop drawings.

D. Samples Procedures:

1. Transmit related items together as single package.
2. Identify each item to allow review for applicability in relation to shop drawings showing installation locations.

3.12 SUBMITTAL REVIEW

A. Submittals for Review: Architect will review each submittal, and approve, or take other appropriate action.

B. Submittals for Information: Architect will acknowledge receipt and review. See below for actions to be taken.

C. Architect's actions will be reflected by marking each returned submittal using virtual stamp on electronic submittals.

D. Architect's and consultants' actions on items submitted for review:

1. Authorizing purchasing, fabrication, delivery, and installation:
  - a. "Approved", or language with same legal meaning.
  - b. "Approved as Noted, Resubmission not required", or language with same legal meaning.
    - 1) At Contractor's option, submit corrected item, with review notations acknowledged and incorporated.
    - c. "Approved as Noted, Resubmit for Record", or language with same legal meaning.
2. Not Authorizing fabrication, delivery, and installation:
  - a. "Revise and Resubmit".
    - 1) Resubmit revised item, with review notations acknowledged and incorporated.
    - 2) Non-responsive resubmittals may be rejected.
  - b. "Rejected".
    - 1) Submit item complying with requirements of Contract Documents.

E. Architect's actions on items submitted for information:

1. Items for which no action was taken:
  - a. "Received" - to notify the Contractor that the submittal has been received for record only.
2. Items for which action was taken:
  - a. "Reviewed" - no further action is required from Contractor.

END OF SECTION 013000

## **SECTION 014000 - QUALITY REQUIREMENTS**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Submittals.
- B. Testing and inspection agencies and services.
- C. Control of installation.
- D. Tolerances.
- E. Manufacturers' field services.
- F. Defect Assessment.

#### **1.2 SUBMITTALS**

- A. See Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Design Data: Submit for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator for the limited purpose of assessing compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents, or for Owner's information.
  - 1. Include required product data and shop drawings.
  - 2. Include a statement or certification attesting that design data complies with criteria indicated, such as building codes, loads, functional, and similar engineering requirements.
  - 3. Include signature and seal of design professional responsible for allocated design services on calculations and drawings.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: When specified in individual specification sections, submit printed instructions for delivery, storage, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting, and finishing, for the Owner's information. Indicate special procedures, perimeter conditions requiring special attention, and special environmental criteria required for application or installation.

### **PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED**

### **PART 3 EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 CONTROL OF INSTALLATION**

- A. Monitor quality control over suppliers, manufacturers, products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce work of specified quality.

- B. Comply with manufacturers' instructions, including each step in sequence.
- C. Should manufacturers' instructions conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- D. Comply with specified standards as minimum quality for the work except where more stringent tolerances, codes, or specified requirements indicate higher standards or more precise workmanship.
- E. Have work performed by persons qualified to produce required and specified quality.
- F. Verify that field measurements are as indicated on shop drawings or as instructed by the manufacturer.
- G. Secure products in place with positive anchorage devices designed and sized to withstand stresses, vibration, physical distortion, and disfigurement.

### 3.2 TOLERANCES

- A. Monitor fabrication and installation tolerance control of products to produce acceptable Work. Do not permit tolerances to accumulate.
- B. Comply with manufacturers' tolerances. Should manufacturers' tolerances conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- C. Adjust products to appropriate dimensions; position before securing products in place.

### 3.3 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. Testing Agency Duties:
  - 1. Provide qualified personnel at site. Cooperate with Architect and Contractor in performance of services.
  - 2. Perform specified sampling and testing of products in accordance with specified standards.
  - 3. Ascertain compliance of materials and mixes with requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 4. Promptly notify Architect and Contractor of observed irregularities or non-compliance of Work or products.
  - 5. Perform additional tests and inspections required by Architect.
  - 6. Submit reports of all tests/inspections specified.
- B. Limits on Testing/Inspection Agency Authority:
  - 1. Agency may not release, revoke, alter, or enlarge on requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 2. Agency may not approve or accept any portion of the Work.
  - 3. Agency may not assume any duties of Contractor.
  - 4. Agency has no authority to stop the Work.

C. Contractor Responsibilities:

1. Deliver to agency at designated location, adequate samples of materials proposed to be used that require testing, along with proposed mix designs.
2. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, and provide access to the Work and to manufacturers' facilities.
3. Provide incidental labor and facilities:
  - a. To provide access to Work to be tested/inspected.
  - b. To obtain and handle samples at the site or at source of Products to be tested/inspected.
  - c. To facilitate tests/inspections.
  - d. To provide storage and curing of test samples.
4. Notify Architect and laboratory 24 hours prior to expected time for operations requiring testing/inspection services.
5. Employ services of an independent qualified testing laboratory and pay for additional samples, tests, and inspections required by Contractor beyond specified requirements.
6. Arrange with Owner's agency and pay for additional samples, tests, and inspections required by Contractor beyond specified requirements.

D. Re-testing required because of non-compliance with specified requirements shall be performed by the same agency on instructions by Architect.

E. Re-testing required because of non-compliance with specified requirements shall be paid for by Contractor.

3.4 MANUFACTURERS' FIELD SERVICES

- A. When specified in individual specification sections, require material or product suppliers or manufacturers to provide qualified staff personnel to observe site conditions, conditions of surfaces and installation, quality of workmanship, start-up of equipment, test, adjust, and balance equipment, as applicable, and to initiate instructions when necessary.
- B. Report observations and site decisions or instructions given to applicators or installers that are supplemental or contrary to manufacturers' written instructions.

3.5 DEFECT ASSESSMENT

- A. Replace Work or portions of the Work not complying with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION

## **SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Temporary Controls: Barriers and enclosures.
- B. Waste removal facilities and services.

#### **1.2 BARRIERS**

- A. Provide barriers to prevent unauthorized entry to construction areas, to prevent access to areas that could be hazardous to workers or the public, to allow for owner's use of site and to protect existing facilities and adjacent properties from damage from construction operations and demolition.
- B. Provide barricades and covered walkways required by governing authorities for public rights-of-way and for public access to existing building.
- C. Protect non-owned vehicular traffic, stored materials, site, and structures from damage.

#### **1.3 INTERIOR ENCLOSURES**

- A. Provide temporary partitions and ceilings as indicated to separate work areas from Owner-occupied areas, to prevent penetration of dust and moisture into Owner-occupied areas, and to prevent damage to existing materials and equipment.
- B. Construction: Framing and plywood sheet materials with closed joints and sealed edges at intersections with existing surfaces:

#### **1.4 WASTE REMOVAL**

- A. Provide waste removal facilities and services as required to maintain the site in clean and orderly condition.
- B. Provide containers with lids. Remove trash from site periodically.
- C. If materials to be recycled or re-used on the project must be stored on-site, provide suitable non-combustible containers; locate containers holding flammable material outside the structure unless otherwise approved by the authorities having jurisdiction.

D. Open free-fall chutes are not permitted. Terminate closed chutes into appropriate containers with lids.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

## **SECTION 016000 - PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Re-use of existing products.
- B. Transportation, handling, storage and protection.
- C. Product option requirements.
- D. Substitution limitations.

#### **1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 01 25 00 - Substitution Procedures: Substitutions made during procurement and/or construction phases.
- B. Section 01 40 00 - Quality Requirements: Product quality monitoring.
- C. Section 01 74 19 - Construction Waste Management and Disposal: Waste disposal requirements potentially affecting product selection, packaging and substitutions.

#### **1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Proposed Products List: Submit list of major products proposed for use, with name of manufacturer, trade name, and model number of each product.
  - 1. Submit within 15 days after date of Agreement.
  - 2. For products specified only by reference standards, list applicable reference standards.
- B. Product Data Submittals: Submit manufacturer's standard published data. Mark each copy to identify applicable products, models, options, and other data. Supplement manufacturers' standard data to provide information specific to this Project.
- C. Shop Drawing Submittals: Prepared specifically for this Project; indicate utility and electrical characteristics, utility connection requirements, and location of utility outlets for service for functional equipment and appliances.
- D. Sample Submittals: Illustrate functional and aesthetic characteristics of the product, with integral parts and attachment devices. Coordinate sample submittals for interfacing work.
  - 1. For selection from standard finishes, submit samples of the full range of the manufacturer's standard colors, textures, and patterns.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 EXISTING PRODUCTS

- A. Do not use materials and equipment removed from existing premises unless specifically required or permitted by the Contract Documents.
- B. Unforeseen historic items encountered remain the property of the Owner; notify Owner promptly upon discovery; protect, remove, handle, and store as directed by Owner.

### 2.2 NEW PRODUCTS

- A. Provide new products unless specifically required or permitted by the Contract Documents.
- B. See Section 01 40 00 - Quality Requirements, for additional source quality control requirements.

### 2.3 PRODUCT OPTIONS

- A. Products Specified by Reference Standards or by Description Only: Use any product meeting those standards or description.
- B. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers: Use a product of one of the manufacturers named and meeting specifications, no options or substitutions allowed.
- C. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers with a Provision for Substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer not named.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 SUBSTITUTION LIMITATIONS

- A. See Section 01 25 00 - Substitution Procedures.

### 3.2 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Package products for shipment in manner to prevent damage; for equipment, package to avoid loss of factory calibration.
- B. If special precautions are required, attach instructions prominently and legibly on outside of packaging.
- C. Coordinate schedule of product delivery to designated prepared areas in order to minimize site storage time and potential damage to stored materials.

- D. Transport and handle products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Transport materials in covered trucks to prevent contamination of product and littering of surrounding areas.
- F. Promptly inspect shipments to ensure that products comply with requirements, quantities are correct, and products are undamaged.
- G. Provide equipment and personnel to handle products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage, and to minimize handling.
- H. Arrange for the return of packing materials, such as wood pallets, where economically feasible.

### 3.3 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. Designate receiving/storage areas for incoming products so that they are delivered according to installation schedule and placed convenient to work area in order to minimize waste due to excessive materials handling and misapplication. See Section 01 74 19.
- B. Store and protect products in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- C. Store with seals and labels intact and legible.
- D. Store sensitive products in weathertight, climate-controlled enclosures in an environment favorable to product.
- E. For exterior storage of fabricated products, place on sloped supports above ground.
- F. Protect products from damage or deterioration due to construction operations, weather, precipitation, humidity, temperature, sunlight and ultraviolet light, dirt, dust, and other contaminants.
- G. Comply with manufacturer's warranty conditions, if any.
- H. Do not store products directly on the ground.
- I. Cover products subject to deterioration with impervious sheet covering. Provide ventilation to prevent condensation and degradation of products.
- J. Prevent contact with material that may cause corrosion, discoloration, or staining.
- K. Provide equipment and personnel to store products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage.

- L. Arrange storage of products to permit access for inspection. Periodically inspect to verify products are undamaged and are maintained in acceptable condition.

END OF SECTION

## **SECTION 017000 - EXECUTION AND CLOSEOUT REQUIREMENTS**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 01 10 00 - Summary: Limitations on working in existing building; continued occupancy; work sequence; identification of salvaged and relocated materials.
- B. Section 01 50 00 - Temporary Facilities and Controls: Temporary exterior enclosures.
- C. Section 01 50 00 - Temporary Facilities and Controls: Temporary interior partitions.
- D. Section 07 84 00 - Firestopping.

#### **1.2 SUBMITTALS**

- A. See Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Cutting and Patching: Submit written request in advance of cutting or alteration that affects:
  - 1. Structural integrity of any element of Project.
  - 2. Integrity of weather exposed or moisture resistant element.
  - 3. Efficiency, maintenance, or safety of any operational element.
  - 4. Visual qualities of sight exposed elements.
  - 5. Work of Owner or separate Contractor.

#### **1.3 COORDINATION**

- A. See Section 01 10 00 for occupancy-related requirements.
- B. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and work of the various sections of the Project Manual to ensure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements, with provisions for accommodating items installed later.
- C. Notify affected utility companies and comply with their requirements.
- D. Verify that utility requirements and characteristics of new operating equipment are compatible with building utilities. Coordinate work of various sections having interdependent responsibilities for installing, connecting to, and placing in service, such equipment.

- E. Coordinate space requirements, supports, and installation of mechanical and electrical work that are indicated diagrammatically on drawings. Follow routing indicated for pipes, ducts, and conduit, as closely as practicable; place runs parallel with lines of building. Utilize spaces efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.
- F. In finished areas except as otherwise indicated, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring within the construction. Coordinate locations of fixtures and outlets with finish elements.
- G. Coordinate completion and clean-up of work of separate sections.
- H. After Owner occupancy of premises, coordinate access to site for correction of defective work and work not in accordance with Contract Documents, to minimize disruption of Owner's activities.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PATCHING MATERIALS

- A. New Materials: As specified in product sections; match existing products and work for patching and extending work.
- B. Type and Quality of Existing Products: Determine by inspecting and testing products where necessary, referring to existing work as a standard.
- C. Product Substitution: For any proposed change in materials, submit request for substitution described in Section 01 60 00 - Product Requirements.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that existing site conditions and substrate surfaces are acceptable for subsequent work. Start of work means acceptance of existing conditions.
- B. Verify that existing substrate is capable of structural support or attachment of new work being applied or attached.
- C. Examine and verify specific conditions described in individual specification sections.
- D. Take field measurements before confirming product orders or beginning fabrication, to minimize waste due to over-ordering or misfabrication.

- E. Verify that utility services are available, of the correct characteristics, and in the correct locations.
- F. Prior to Cutting: Examine existing conditions prior to commencing work, including elements subject to damage or movement during cutting and patching. After uncovering existing work, assess conditions affecting performance of work. Beginning of cutting or patching means acceptance of existing conditions.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate surfaces prior to applying next material or substance.
- B. Seal cracks or openings of substrate prior to applying next material or substance.
- C. Apply manufacturer required or recommended substrate primer, sealer, or conditioner prior to applying any new material or substance in contact or bond.

### 3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install products as specified in individual sections, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, and so as to avoid waste due to necessity for replacement.
- B. Make vertical elements plumb and horizontal elements level, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install equipment and fittings plumb and level, neatly aligned with adjacent vertical and horizontal lines, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Make consistent texture on surfaces, with seamless transitions, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Make neat transitions between different surfaces, maintaining texture and appearance.

### 3.4 ALTERATIONS

- A. Drawings showing existing construction and utilities are based on casual field observation and existing record documents only.
  1. Verify that construction and utility arrangements are as indicated.
  2. Report discrepancies to Architect before disturbing existing installation.
  3. Beginning of alterations work constitutes acceptance of existing conditions.
- B. Keep areas in which alterations are being conducted separated from other areas that are still occupied.
  1. Provide, erect, and maintain temporary dustproof partitions of construction specified in Section 01 50 00 in locations indicated on drawings.

- C. Maintain weatherproof exterior building enclosure except for interruptions required for replacement or modifications; take care to prevent water and humidity damage.
  - 1. Where openings in exterior enclosure exist, provide construction to make exterior enclosure weatherproof.
  - 2. Insulate existing ducts or pipes that are exposed to outdoor ambient temperatures by alterations work.
- D. Remove existing work as indicated and as required to accomplish new work.
  - 1. Remove items indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Relocate items indicated on drawings.
  - 3. Where new surface finishes are to be applied to existing work, perform removals, patch, and prepare existing surfaces as required to receive new finish; remove existing finish if necessary for successful application of new finish.
  - 4. Where new surface finishes are not specified or indicated, patch holes and damaged surfaces to match adjacent finished surfaces as closely as possible.
- E. Services (Including but not limited to Electrical and Security): Remove, relocate, and extend existing systems to accommodate new construction.
  - 1. Maintain existing active systems that are to remain in operation; maintain access to equipment and operational components; if necessary, modify installation to allow access or provide access panel.
  - 2. Where existing systems or equipment are not active and Contract Documents require reactivation, put back into operational condition; repair supply, distribution, and equipment as required.
  - 3. Where existing active systems serve occupied facilities but are to be replaced with new services, maintain existing systems in service until new systems are complete and ready for service.
    - a. Disable existing systems only to make switchovers and connections; minimize duration of outages.
    - b. Provide temporary connections as required to maintain existing systems in service.
  - 4. Verify that abandoned services serve only abandoned facilities.
  - 5. Remove abandoned pipe, ducts, conduits, and equipment, including those above accessible ceilings; remove back to source of supply where possible, otherwise cap stub and tag with identification; patch holes left by removal using materials specified for new construction.
- F. Protect existing work to remain.
  - 1. Prevent movement of structure; provide shoring and bracing if necessary.
  - 2. Perform cutting to accomplish removals neatly and as specified for cutting new work.
  - 3. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during removal work.
- G. Adapt existing work to fit new work: Make as neat and smooth transition as possible.

- H. Patching: Where the existing surface is not indicated to be refinished, patch to match the surface finish that existed prior to cutting. Where the surface is indicated to be refinished, patch so that the substrate is ready for the new finish.
- I. Refinish existing surfaces as indicated:
  - 1. Where rooms or spaces are indicated to be refinished, refinish all visible existing surfaces to remain to the specified condition for each material, with a neat transition to adjacent finishes.
  - 2. If mechanical or electrical work is exposed accidentally during the work, re-cover and refinish to match.
- J. Clean existing systems and equipment.
- K. Remove demolition debris and abandoned items from alterations areas and dispose of off-site; do not burn or bury.
- L. Do not begin new construction in alterations areas before demolition is complete.
- M. Comply with all other applicable requirements of this section.

### 3.5 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Whenever possible, execute the work by methods that avoid cutting or patching.
- B. See Alterations article above for additional requirements.
- C. Perform whatever cutting and patching is necessary to:
  - 1. Complete the work.
  - 2. Fit products together to integrate with other work.
  - 3. Provide openings for penetration of mechanical, electrical, and other services.
  - 4. Match work that has been cut to adjacent work.
  - 5. Repair areas adjacent to cuts to required condition.
  - 6. Repair new work damaged by subsequent work.
  - 7. Remove samples of installed work for testing when requested.
  - 8. Remove and replace defective and non-complying work.
- D. Execute work by methods that avoid damage to other work and that will provide appropriate surfaces to receive patching and finishing. In existing work, minimize damage and restore to original condition.
- E. Employ original installer to perform cutting for weather exposed and moisture resistant elements, and sight exposed surfaces.

- F. Cut rigid materials using masonry saw or core drill. Pneumatic tools not allowed without prior approval.
- G. Restore work with new products in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.
- H. Fit work air tight to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit, and other penetrations through surfaces.
- I. At penetrations of fire rated walls, partitions, ceiling, or floor construction, completely seal voids with fire rated material in accordance with Section 07 84 00, to full thickness of the penetrated element.
- J. Patching:
  - 1. Finish patched surfaces to match finish that existed prior to patching. On continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection or natural break. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.
  - 2. Match color, texture, and appearance.
  - 3. Repair patched surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing other imperfections due to patching work. If defects are due to condition of substrate, repair substrate prior to repairing finish.

### 3.6 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. Maintain areas free of waste materials, debris, and rubbish. Maintain site in a clean and orderly condition.
- B. Remove debris and rubbish from pipe chases, plenums, attics, crawl spaces, and other closed or remote spaces, prior to enclosing the space.
- C. Broom and vacuum clean interior areas prior to start of surface finishing, and continue cleaning to eliminate dust.
- D. Collect and remove waste materials, debris, and trash/rubbish from site periodically and dispose off-site; do not burn or bury.

### 3.7 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED WORK

- A. Protect installed work from damage by construction operations.
- B. Provide special protection where specified in individual specification sections.
- C. Provide temporary and removable protection for installed products. Control activity in immediate work area to prevent damage.
- D. Provide protective coverings at walls, projections, jambs, sills, and soffits of openings.

- E. Protect finished floors, stairs, and other surfaces from traffic, dirt, wear, damage, or movement of heavy objects, by protecting with durable sheet materials.
- F. Protect work from spilled liquids. If work is exposed to spilled liquids, immediately remove protective coverings, dry out work, and replace protective coverings.
- G. Prohibit traffic or storage upon waterproofed or roofed surfaces. If traffic or activity is necessary, obtain recommendations for protection from waterproofing or roofing material manufacturer.
- H. Prohibit traffic from landscaped areas.
- I. Remove protective coverings when no longer needed; reuse or recycle coverings if possible.

3.8 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust operating products and equipment to ensure smooth and unhindered operation.

3.9 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Use cleaning materials that are nonhazardous.
- B. Clean interior and exterior glass, surfaces exposed to view; remove temporary labels, stains and foreign substances, polish transparent and glossy surfaces, vacuum carpeted and soft surfaces.
- C. Remove all labels that are not permanent. Do not paint or otherwise cover fire test labels or nameplates on mechanical and electrical equipment.
- D. Clean equipment and fixtures to a sanitary condition with cleaning materials appropriate to the surface and material being cleaned.
- E. Remove waste, surplus materials, trash/rubbish, and construction facilities from the site; dispose of in legal manner; do not burn or bury.

3.10 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Make submittals that are required by governing or other authorities.
  1. Provide copies to Owner.
- B. Accompany Project Coordinator on preliminary inspection to determine items to be listed for completion or correction in the Contractor's Correction Punch List for Contractor's Notice of Substantial Completion.

- C. Notify Architect when work is considered ready for Architect's Substantial Completion inspection.
- D. Submit written certification containing Contractor's Correction Punch List, that Contract Documents have been reviewed, work has been inspected, and that work is complete in accordance with Contract Documents and ready for Architect's Substantial Completion inspection.
- E. Owner will occupy all of the building as specified in Section 01 10 00.
- F. Conduct Substantial Completion inspection and create Final Correction Punch List containing Architect's and Contractor's comprehensive list of items identified to be completed or corrected and submit to Architect.
- G. Correct items of work listed in Final Correction Punch List and comply with requirements for access to Owner-occupied areas.
- H. Notify Architect when work is considered finally complete and ready for Architect's Substantial Completion final inspection.
- I. Complete items of work determined by Architect listed in executed Certificate of Substantial Completion.

### 3.11 MAINTENANCE

- A. Provide service and maintenance of components indicated in specification sections.
- B. Maintenance Period: As indicated in specification sections or, if not indicated, not less than one year from the Date of Substantial Completion or the length of the specified warranty, whichever is longer.
- C. Examine system components at a frequency consistent with reliable operation. Clean, adjust, and lubricate as required.
- D. Include systematic examination, adjustment, and lubrication of components. Repair or replace parts whenever required. Use parts produced by the manufacturer of the original component.
- E. Maintenance service shall not be assigned or transferred to any agent or subcontractor without prior written consent of the Owner.

END OF SECTION

## **SECTION 024119 – SELECTIVE DEMOLITION**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS**

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 02 Section “Site Demolition.”

#### **1.2 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes the modification, alteration, conversion, and renovation of existing structures:
  - 1. Be aware of the many incidental items which exist which must be demolished, relocated, or replaced in order to accomplish the remodeling work of trades.
  - 2. Include the price of such demolition, relocating, and replacement in the base Bid.
  - 3. These incidental items may or may not be indicated in the Contract Documents.
  - 4. Contractor and Subcontractors performing remodeling work are expected to be familiar with the unknown nature of existing utilities serving an area to be remodeled and shall calculate the base Bid to include the demolition, removal, relocation, and replacement of these utilities.

#### **1.3 REFERENCES**

- A. Except as herein specified or as indicated on the Drawings, the work of this Section shall comply with the pertinent provisions of the following:
  - 1. American National Standards Institute: ANSI A10.6 - Safety Requirements for Demolition Operations.
  - 2. ASTM: D1557 - Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort.
  - 3. EPA: Rule 406(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1992.
  - 4. NFPA: NFPA 241 - Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations.

#### **1.4 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Terms:
  - 1. Abandon:
    - a. Remove an item to the extent that it is not visible and does not interfere with new construction.
    - b. Portions of the abandoned item may be left in place.
    - c. No abandoned items shall be left below new footings.
  - 2. Demolish:
    - a. Remove existing items from their present location in the Project area and haul to an area outside of the Project area.
    - b. Remove utilities serving these items.

3. Relocate:
  - a. Move existing items from their present location to another location in the Project area.
  - b. Extend utilities serving the present location to the new location.
4. Remove:
  - a. Except for items indicated to be reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, demolished materials shall become Contractor's property.
  - b. Remove existing items from their present location in the Project area and haul to an area outside of the Project area.
  - c. Remove utilities serving these items.
5. Replace:
  - a. Remove existing items from their present location in the Project area, haul them to an area outside of the Project area, and furnish and install new items in the same or another location.
  - b. Extend utilities serving the present location to the new location.
6. Reuse: Move existing items from their present location to another location in the Project area. Extend utilities serving the present location to the new location.
7. Historic Items:
  - a. Historic items, relics, and similar object including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, antiques, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be encountered during selective demolition remain Owner's property.
  - b. Carefully remove and salvage each item or object in a manner to prevent damage and deliver promptly to Owner.

## 1.5 DIVISION OF WORK

- A. Work: In accordance with the General Conditions, Contractor is responsible for dividing the Work among the Subcontractors and Suppliers and for delineating the work to be performed by specific trades. The following are suggestions as to how the Work may be divided. This is not a complete list of the work:
  1. Contractor:
    - a. Remove existing window systems and doors.
    - b. Install new windows systems and door frames.
    - c. Install new louvers within window systems.
  2. Miscellaneous:
    - a. Each trade shall be financially responsible for cutting and patching for sleeves, penetrations, and installation of isolated components as necessary for its work unless herein specifically stated to the contrary.
    - b. Patching shall be done by the trade whose work is damaged.
    - c. Costs caused by defective or ill-timed work shall be borne by the party responsible.
    - d. Each trade shall do fitting of its own work as required to make its several components fit together or to receive the work of other trades.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Predemolition Audio-Video:
  - 1. Submit showing existing conditions of construction to remain that could be misconstrued as damage caused by construction activities.
  - 2. Including building and site, as well as interior and exterior finishes.
  - 3. Including cracking within building elements (including but not limited to masonry veneer, cmu veneer and concrete slabs). Cracking to be documented by crack measurement lines.
  - 4. Submit prior to commencing Work.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications: Engage an experienced firm that has specialized in demolition work similar to material and extent indicated for this Project.
- B. Regulatory Requirements:
  - 1. Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition.
  - 2. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Comply with ANSI A10.6 and NFPA 241.
  - 4. Comply with 29 CFR 1926.62-(OSHA Paint Standard).
- C. Pre-Demolition Conference:
  - 1. Conduct pre-demolition conference at Site in accordance with Division 01 Section "Project Meetings."
  - 2. Review methods and procedures related to selective demolition including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.
    - b. Review structural load limitations of existing structure.
    - c. Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and to avoid delays.
    - d. Review requirements of work performed by other trades that rely on substrates exposed by selective demolition operations.

## 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Owner Occupancy:
  - 1. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area.
  - 2. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
  - 3. Provide not less than 72 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.
- B. Access:
  - 1. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities.
  - 2. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from authorities having jurisdiction.

- C. Conditions:
  - 1. Owner and Engineer assume no responsibility for condition of areas to be selectively demolished.
  - 2. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purposes will be maintained by Owner as far as practicable.
- D. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on Site will not be permitted.
- E. Maintenance of Utilities:
  - 1. Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
  - 2. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.
- F. Known Hazardous Materials:
  - 1. Hazardous materials are not known to be present in building. Notify Owner and Architect in writing immediately if suspected hazardous materials are suspected.
- G. Lead Paint: Remove and remediate existing lead paint as required to comply with all codes and requirements while performing the requirements of the Work. Either remove lead paint completely or partially as required to achieve this.
- H. Regulated Waste: Remove and dispose of all regulated wastes to comply with all codes and requirements while performing the Work.

## 1.9 WARRANTIES

- A. Existing Warranties:
  - 1. Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.
  - 2. If possible, retain original installer or fabricator to patch exposed work that is damaged during selective demolition.
  - 3. If it is not possible to engage original installer or fabricator, engage another recognized, experienced, and specialized firm.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General:
  - 1. Materials and workmanship shall conform to the requirements of other Sections of the Specifications.
  - 2. Where no materials are specified in these specifications, use materials of an equivalent type, quality, and size to match those existing in other areas of the facility.
  - 3. If none exist, use materials and workmanship recognized as of the highest quality in the industry.
  - 4. Obtain Engineer's review of such material and workmanship.

## 2.2 MONITORING EQUIPMENT

- A. Crack Gauges
  - 1. Reference line and measuring grid shall be used to monitor cracking. A reference line should be drawn across and perpendicular to the crack. Two measurement points (one on either side of the crack) should be drawn and the initial distance between the two measurements points recorded for future comparison. Measurements should be taken in 1/32-inch increments.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.
- B. Inventory and record the conditions (including but not limited to dimensions and layout of existing removed window frames) of items to be removed and replaced with new items which are to match existing adjacent conditions, and of items to be removed and salvaged.
- C. Conflicts:
  - 1. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict.
  - 2. Promptly submit written report to Engineer.
- D. Survey, or engage a competent person to survey condition of the building, in accordance with requirements of OSHA, to determine whether removing any element might result in structural deficiency or unplanned collapse of any portion of the structure or adjacent structures during selective demolition operations.
- E. Perform additional surveys as the work progresses to detect hazards resulting from operations to date.

### 3.2 UTILITY SERVICES

- A. Maintain existing services indicated to remain and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
- B. Interruptions:
  - 1. Do not interrupt existing utilities serving occupied or operating facilities unless authorized in writing by Owner and other authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide temporary services during interruptions to existing utilities, as acceptable to Owner and to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Provide at least 72 hours' notice to Owner if shutdown of service is required during changeover.

### 3.3 PREPARATION

- A. Site Access and Temporary Controls:
  - 1. Conduct selective demolition and debris removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
  - 2. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and other authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by governing regulations.
  - 4. Erect temporary protection, such as walks, fences, railings, canopies, and covered passageways, where required by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 5. Protect existing Site improvements, appurtenances, and landscape features to remain.
  - 6. Erect a plainly visible fence around drip line of individual trees or around perimeter drip line or groups of trees to remain.
- B. Temporary Facilities:
  - 1. Protection:
    - a. Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
    - b. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area, and to and from occupied portion of building.
    - c. Weather Protection:
      - 1) Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
      - 2) Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is not complete, provide insulated temporary enclosures.
      - 3) Coordinate enclosures with ventilating and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects.
    - d. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
    - e. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
  - 2. Shoring and Bracing:
    - a. Provide and maintain shoring, bracing, or structural support to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
    - b. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selected demolition.

### 3.4 POLLUTION CONTROLS

- A. Dust Control:
  - 1. Use water mist, temporary closures, and other suitable methods to limit spread of dust and dirt.
  - 2. Do not use water when it may damage existing construction or create hazardous or objectionable conditions, such as ice, flooding, and pollution.
  - 3. Wet mop floors to eliminate trackable dirt and wipe down walls and doors of demolition enclosure.
  - 4. Vacuum carpeted areas.
  - 5. Comply with governing environmental protection regulations.

B. Disposal:

1. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
2. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.

3.5 PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS DOCUMENTATION

- A. Photograph / Video: Take photographs of the building conditions so that the surfaces may be examined during construction and compared with the pre-work condition. If any cracks or other stress signs are exhibited by the buildings, halt operations until corrective action has been provided and is acceptable to the Owner.
- B. Crack Reference Lines: Install lines on any nearby existing crack to area of work. Monitor the lines during construction and compare with the pre-work condition. If increased stress signs are observed on the crack reference lines, halt operations until corrective action has been provided and is acceptable to the Owner.
  1. Install crack reference lines at large cracks (greater than 1/32-inch) in foundation walls, masonry veneer and CMU masonry within 10 linear feet of window units being replaced. Initial conditions of the crack reference lines shall be measured and/or documented electronically.

3.6 GENERAL

- A. Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated.
- B. Methods:
  1. Use methods required to complete the work within limitations of governing regulations.
  2. Level by Level:
    - a. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level.
    - b. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
  3. Cutting Openings:
    - a. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required.
    - b. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or to adjoining construction.
    - c. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces.
    - d. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
  4. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
  5. Flame Cutting:
    - a. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials.
    - b. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe chases, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations.
    - c. Maintain fire watch and portable fire suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
    - d. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.

6. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials, and promptly and legally dispose of off Site.
7. Remove framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
8. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
9. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
10. Return elements of construction and surfaces that are to remain to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

C. Existing Facilities: Comply with Owner's requirements for using and protecting elevators, stairs, walkways, loading docks, building entries, and other building facilities during the selective demolition operations.

D. Existing Items to Remain:

1. Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition.
2. When permitted by Engineer, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

### 3.7 DEMOLITION

A. Structures:

1. Engineer's review of cutting: No existing structure, equipment or appurtenance shall be shifted, cut, removed or otherwise altered without obtaining review of Engineer.
2. Cut, repair, reuse, excavate, demolish or otherwise remove parts of the existing structures or appurtenances, as indicated on the Drawings, herein specified and necessary to permit completion of the Work.
3. Dispose of demolished materials in an approved manner.
4. Include necessary cutting, bending, and welding of reinforcing steel, structural steel, or miscellaneous metal work found embedded in the existing structures.
5. When removing materials or portions of existing structures, shore up, underpin, and protect adjacent structures.
6. Concrete:
  - a. Demolish in small sections.
  - b. Cut concrete to a depth of at least 3/4-inch at junctures with construction to remain, using a power driven saw.
  - c. Dislodge concrete from reinforcement to remain at perimeter of areas being demolished, cut reinforcement, and then remove remainder of concrete indicated.
  - d. Neatly trim openings to dimensions indicated.

B. Electrical Components:

1. Conduit, and wiring indicated or required to be demolished shall be done so to the nearest reasonable connection outside of the Project area or as directed by Engineer.
2. Where necessary or required for the purpose of making connections, cut existing conduit in a manner to provide an approved joint.
3. Furnish new connections as required for completion of the Work.

4. Remove junction boxes and electrical outlets which will no longer be in use.
5. Remove and reinstall fixtures and electrical outlets, switches, etc.

C. Conceal Utilities: Recess new conduit, and other utilities into floors, wires, and ceilings in finished areas.

D. Ownership of Salvaged Materials:

1. Materials and equipment removed shall remain the property of Owner at Owner's option.
2. Items not salvageable, as determined by Engineer and Owner, and items Owner elects not to keep shall become the property of Contractor to be properly disposed of off the Site.
3. Salvaged equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned, lubricated, and greased for protection during prolonged storage.

E. Nonshrink Grout: Use nonshrink grout for setting wall castings, sleeves, doweling anchors into existing concrete and elsewhere as indicated.

F. Protect Facility from Water Damage: Provide flumes, hoses, piping, suitable plugs, bulkheads, or other means to divert or hold back the flow of wastewater, water, or other liquids, as required for proper performance of the Work.

G. Blasting: Not permitted.

H. Sleeves:

1. Subcontractors electrical and other trades shall furnish sleeves and inserts for conduits and similar items in walls and floors.
2. Perform work in cooperation with Contractor.
3. Place items in ample time so as not to delay operations.
4. Do not place sleeves so they pass through beams, girders, and similar construction.

### 3.8 PATCHING AND REFINISHING

A. Promptly repair damage to adjacent construction caused by selective demolition operations.

B. Patching:

1. Patch and repair existing surfaces from which items have been removed leaving holes, fasteners, and surface blemishes exposed to view.
2. Where repairs to existing surfaces are required, patch to produce surfaces suitable for new materials.
3. Completely fill holes and depressions in existing masonry walls that are to remain with an approved masonry patching material applied according to Manufacturer's written recommendations.

C. Refinishing:

1. Prepare existing surfaces for finishes by scraping, sanding, filling, acid etching, and sand blasting to ensure bonding and a smooth finish.
2. Refinish entire surfaces as necessary to provide an even finish.
3. Refinish continuous surfaces to the nearest intersection and entirely finish assemblies.

4. Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining construction in a manner that eliminates evidence of patching and refinishing.
5. Refinish entire surfaces if necessary to remediate existing lead painted surfaces.

3.9 CLEANING

- A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations.
- B. Return adjacent areas to conditions existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 024119

## **SECTION 024200– CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS**

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this section.

#### **1.2 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:

1. Salvaging nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
2. Recycling nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.
3. Disposing of nonhazardous demolition and construction waste.

- B. Related sections include the following:

1. Division 01 Section “General Requirements – Temporary Facilities and Controls.”

#### **1.3 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Construction Waste: Building and site improvement materials and other solid waste resulting from construction, remodeling, renovation, or repair operations. Construction waste includes packaging.

- B. Demolition Waste: Building and site improvement materials resulting from demolition or selective demolition operations and clearing debris including soil, vegetation, and rocks are not to be included.

- C. Disposal: Removal off-site of demolition and construction waste and subsequent sale, recycling, reuse, or deposit in landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

- D. Recycle: Collect, reprocess and reuse of materials diverted or recovered from solid waste stream.

- E. Salvage: Recovery of demolition or construction materials from existing buildings or construction sites and subsequent sale or reuse in another facility.

- F. Salvage and Reuse: Recovery of demolition or construction materials from existing buildings or construction sites and subsequent incorporation into the Work.

#### **1.4 PERFORMANCE GOALS**

- A. General: Develop waste management plan that results in end-of-Project rates for salvage/recycling of 50 (75) percent by weight of total waste generated by the Work.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Waste Management Plan: Submit 3 copies of plan within 14 days of date established for commencement of the Work
- B. Waste Reduction Progress Reports: Concurrent with each Application for Payment, submit 2 copies of report. Include separate reports for demolition and construction waste. Include the following information:
  1. Material category.
  2. Generation point of waste.
  3. Total quantity of waste in tons.
  4. Quantity of waste salvaged, both estimated and actual in tons or cubic yards.
  5. Quantity of waste recycled, both estimated and actual in tons or cubic yards.
  6. Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) in tons or cubic yards.
  7. Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) as a percentage of total waste.
- C. Waste Reduction Calculations: Before request for Substantial Completion, submit 2 copies of calculated end-of-Project rates for salvage, recycling, and disposal as a percentage of total waste generated by the Work.
- D. Records of Donations: Indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste donated to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- E. Records of Sales: Indicate receipt and acceptance of salvageable waste sold to individuals and organizations. Indicate whether organization is tax exempt.
- F. Recycling and Processing Facility Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of recyclable waste by recycling and processing facilities licensed to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.
- G. Landfill and Incinerator Disposal Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of waste by landfills and incinerator facilities licensed to accept them. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Waste Management Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section. Review methods and procedures related to waste management including, but not limited to, the following:
  1. Review and discuss waste management plan including responsibilities of Waste Management Coordinator.
  2. Review requirements for documenting quantities of each type of waste and its disposition.
  3. Review and finalize procedures for materials separation and verify availability of containers and bins needed to avoid delays.

4. Review procedures for periodic waste collection and transportation to recycling and disposal facilities.
5. Review waste management requirements for each trade.

#### 1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. General: Develop plan consisting of waste identification, waste reduction plan, and cost/revenue analysis. Include separate sections in plan for demolition and construction waste. Indicate quantities by weight or volume, but use same units of measure throughout waste management plan.
- B. Waste Identification: Indicate anticipated types and quantities of construction waste generated by the Work. Include estimated quantities and assumptions for estimates.
- C. Waste Reduction Work Plan: List each type of waste and whether it will be salvaged, recycled, or disposed of in landfill or incinerator. Include points of waste generation, total quantity of each type of waste, quantity for each means of recovery, and handling and transportation procedures.
  1. Salvaged Materials for Reuse: For materials that will be salvaged and reused in this Project, describe methods for preparing salvaged materials before incorporation into the Work.
  2. Salvaged Materials for Sale: For materials that will be sold to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses and telephone numbers.
  3. Salvaged Materials for Donation: For materials that will be donated to individuals and organizations, include list of their names, addresses and telephone numbers.
  4. Recycled Materials: Include list of local receivers and processors and type of recycled materials each will accept. Include names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  5. Disposed materials: Indicate how and where materials will be disposed of. Include name, address, and telephone number for each landfill and incinerator facility.
  6. Handling and Transportation Procedures: Include method that will be used for separating recyclable waste including sizes of containers, container labeling, and designated location on Project site where materials separation will be located.
- D. Plan for and describe the means for securing waste containers from unauthorized users.
- E. Cost/Revenue Analysis: Indicate total cost of waste disposal as if there was no waste management plan and net additional cost or net savings resulting from implementing waste management plan. Include the following:
  1. Total quantity of waste.
  2. Estimated cost of disposal (cost per unit). Include hauling and tipping fees and cost of collection containers for each type of waste.
  3. Total cost of disposal (with no waste management).
  4. Revenue from salvaged materials.
  5. Revenue from recycled materials.
  6. Savings in hauling and tipping fees by donating materials.
  7. Savings in hauling and tipping fees that are avoided.

8. Handling and transportation costs. Include cost of collection containers for each type of waste.
9. Net additional cost or net savings from waste management plan.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- A. General: Implement waste management plan as approved by Owner. Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.
  1. Comply with Division 01 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for operation, termination, and removal requirements.
  2. Observe and follow site measures that prevent cross-contamination of waste.
- B. Waste Management Coordinator: Engage a waste management coordinator to be responsible for implementing, monitoring, and reporting status of waste management work plan. Coordinator shall be present at Project site full time for duration of Project. The Construction Superintendent may perform the role of the Waste Management Coordinator.
- C. Training: Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures, as appropriate for the Work occurring at the Project site.
  1. Distribute waste management plan to everyone concerned within three days of submittal return.
  2. Distribute waste management plan to entities upon execution of their contracts. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.
- D. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
  1. Designate and label specific areas on Project site necessary for separating materials that are to be salvaged, recycled, reused, donated, and sold.
  2. Comply with Division 01 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for controlling dust and dirt, environmental protection, and noise control.

### 3.2 SALVAGING DEMOLITION WASTE

- A. Salvaged Items for Reuse in the Work:
  1. Clean salvaged items.
  2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
  3. Store items in a secure area until installation.
  4. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

5. Install salvaged items to comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make items functional for use indicated.

B. Salvaged Items for Sale and Donation: Not permitted on Project site.

C. Salvaged Items for Owner's Use:

1. Clean salvaged items.
2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
4. Transport items to Owner's storage area off-site designated by Owner.
5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

D. Doors and Hardware: Brace open end of door frames. Except for removing door closes, leave door hardware attached to doors.

### 3.3 RECYCLING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WASTE, GENERAL

A. General:

1. Recycle paper and beverage containers used by on-site workers.
2. Concrete, masonry, or asphalt crushed and reused are to be identified and include in calculations.
3. Exclude hazardous waste from calculations.

B. Recycling Incentives: Revenues, savings, rebates, tax credits, and other incentives received for recycling waste materials shall accrue to Contractor.

C. Procedures: Separate recyclable waste from other waste materials, trash, and debris. Separate recyclable waste by type at Project site to the maximum extent practical.

1. Provide appropriately marked containers or bins for controlling recyclable waste until they are removed from Project site. Include list of acceptable and unacceptable materials at each container and bin.
  - a. Inspect containers and bins for contamination and remove contaminated materials if found.
2. Stockpile processed materials on-site without intermixing with other materials. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
3. Stockpile materials away from construction area. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.
4. Store components off the ground and protect from the weather.
5. Remove recyclable waste off Owner's property and transport to recycling receiver or processor.

### 3.4 RECYCLING CONSTRUCTION WASTE

A. Packaging:

1. Cardboard and Boxes: Break down packaging into flat sheets. Bundle and store in a dry location.
2. Polystyrene Packaging: Separate and bag materials.
3. Pallets: As much as possible, require deliveries using pallets to remove pallets from Project site. For pallets that remain on-site, break down pallets into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.
4. Crates: Break down crates into component wood pieces and comply with requirements for recycling wood.

B. Site-Clearing Wastes: Chip brush, branches, and trees on-site and use chipped organic waste as organic mulch in landscape beds around project site.

C. Metals: Separate metal by type or to meet requirements of recycling receiver or processor.

### 3.5 DISPOSAL OF WASTE

A. General: Except for items or materials to be salvaged, recycled, or otherwise reused, remove waste materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in a landfill or incinerator acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Except as otherwise specified, do not allow excessive on-site accumulation of waste materials.
2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
3. Coordinate with each product manufacturer for take-back programs. Set aside scrap to be returned to manufacturer for recycling into new product.

B. Burning: Do not burn waste materials.

C. Disposal: Transport waste materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

END OF SECTION 024200

## **SECTION 040100 - MAINTENANCE OF MASONRY**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Repointing mortar joints.

#### **1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS**

- A. TMS 402/602 - Building Code Requirements and Specification for Masonry Structures 2016.

#### **1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Manufacturer's Instructions: For cleaning materials, indicate special procedures, conditions requiring special attention.

#### **1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Comply with provisions of TMS 402/602, except where exceeded by requirements of Contract Documents.
- B. Restorer: Company specializing in masonry restoration with minimum three years of documented experience.

#### **1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING**

- A. Deliver masonry neatly stacked and tied on pallets. Store clear of ground with adequate waterproof covering.

#### **1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS**

- A. Cold and Hot Weather Requirements: Comply with requirements of TMS 402/602 or applicable building code, whichever is more stringent.

### **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 MORTAR MATERIALS**

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 04 05 11.

### **PART 3 EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 EXAMINATION**

- A. Verify that surfaces to be cleaned are ready for work of this section.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Protect surrounding elements from damage due to restoration procedures.
- B. Carefully remove and store removable items located in areas to be restored, including fixtures, fittings, finish hardware, and accessories; reinstall upon completion.
- C. Separate areas to be protected from restoration areas using means adequate to prevent damage.
- D. Cover existing landscaping with tarpaulins or similar covers.
- E. Mask immediately adjacent surfaces with material that will withstand cleaning and restoration procedures.
- F. When using cleaning methods that involve water or other liquids, install drainage devices to prevent runoff over adjacent surfaces unless those surfaces are impervious to damage from runoff.
- G. Do not allow cleaning runoff to drain into sanitary or storm sewers.

### 3.3 REPOINTING

- A. Cut out loose or disintegrated mortar in joints to minimum 1/2 inch depth or until sound mortar is reached.
- B. Use power tools only after test cuts determine no damage to masonry units will result.
- C. Do not damage masonry units.
- D. When cutting is complete, remove dust and loose material by brushing.
- E. Premoisten joint and apply mortar. Pack tightly in maximum 1/4 inch layers. Form a smooth, compact concave joint to match existing.
- F. Moist cure for 72 hours.

### 3.4 CLEANING

- A. Immediately remove stains, efflorescence, or other excess resulting from the work of this section.
- B. Remove excess mortar, smears, and droppings as work proceeds and upon completion.
- C. Clean surrounding surfaces.

END OF SECTION 040100

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## **SECTION 040511 - MASONRY MORTARING**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Mortar for masonry.

#### **1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 04 01 00 - Maintenance of Masonry: Bedding and pointing mortar for masonry restoration work.

#### **1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS**

- A. ASTM C91/C91M - Standard Specification for Masonry Cement 2018.
- B. ASTM C144 - Standard Specification for Aggregate for Masonry Mortar 2018.
- C. ASTM C150/C150M - Standard Specification for Portland Cement 2021.
- D. ASTM C207 - Standard Specification for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes 2018.
- E. ASTM C270 - Standard Specification for Mortar for Unit Masonry 2019a, with Editorial Revision.
- F. ASTM C780 - Standard Test Method for Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry 2020.
- G. TMS 402/602 - Building Code Requirements and Specification for Masonry Structures 2016.

#### **1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Product Data: Include design mix and indicate whether the Proportion or Property specification of ASTM C270 is to be used. Also include required environmental conditions and admixture limitations.
- B. Reports: Submit reports on mortar indicating compliance of mortar to property requirements of ASTM C270 and test and evaluation reports per ASTM C780.

#### **1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Comply with provisions of TMS 402/602, except where exceeded by requirements of Contract Documents.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Maintain packaged materials clean, dry, and protected against dampness, freezing, and foreign matter.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Cold and Hot Weather Requirements: Comply with requirements of TMS 402/602 or applicable building code, whichever is more stringent.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MORTAR APPLICATIONS

- A. Mortar Mix Designs: ASTM C270, Property Specification.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Packaged Dry Material for Mortar for Repointing: Premixed Portland cement, graded sand, and chemical admixtures complying with ASTM C91/C91M with the addition of water only.
  - 1. Color: To match adjacent mortar color.
- B. Portland Cement: ASTM C150/C150M.
  - 1. Type: Type I - Normal; ASTM C150/C150M.
- C. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type S.
- D. Mortar Aggregate: ASTM C144.
- E. Water: Clean and potable.
- F. Accelerating Admixture: Nonchloride type for use in cold weather.
- G. Moisture-Resistant Admixture: Water repellent compound designed to reduce capillarity.
- H. Bonding Agent: Latex type.

2.3 MORTAR MIXING

- A. Thoroughly mix mortar ingredients using mechanical batch mixer, in accordance with ASTM C270 and in quantities needed for immediate use.
- B. Maintain sand uniformly damp immediately before the mixing process.
- C. Do not use anti-freeze compounds to lower the freezing point of mortar.

- D. If water is lost by evaporation, re-temper only within two hours of mixing.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Apply bonding agent to existing concrete surfaces.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install mortar to requirements of section(s) in which masonry is specified.
- B. Do not displace reinforcement while placing grout.
- C. Remove excess mortar from grout spaces.

END OF SECTION 040511

## **SECTION 061000 - ROUGH CARPENTRY**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Rough opening framing for doors, and windows.
- B. Preservative treated wood materials.
- C. Concealed wood blocking, and supports.

#### **1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS**

- A. ASTM A153/A153M - Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware 2016a.
- B. AWPA U1 - Use Category System: User Specification for Treated Wood 2018.
- C. ICC (IBC) - International Building Code Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- D. PS 1 - Structural Plywood 2009 (Revised 2019).
- E. PS 20 - American Softwood Lumber Standard 2020.

#### **1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING**

- A. General: Cover wood products to protect against moisture. Support stacked products to prevent deformation and to allow air circulation.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Dimension Lumber: Comply with PS 20 and requirements of specified grading agencies.
  - 1. If no species is specified, provide species graded by the agency specified; if no grading agency is specified, provide lumber graded by grading agency meeting the specified requirements.
  - 2. Grading Agency: Grading agency whose rules are approved by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standard Committee at [www.alsc.org](http://www.alsc.org), and who provides grading service for the species and grade specified; provide lumber stamped with grade mark unless otherwise indicated.

#### **2.2 DIMENSION LUMBER FOR CONCEALED APPLICATIONS**

- A. Sizes: Nominal sizes. SPF.
- B. Moisture Content: S-dry or MC19.

- C. Miscellaneous Framing, Blocking, Supports and Furring:
  - 1. Lumber: SPF, No. 2 or Standard Grade.
  - 2. Boards: Standard or No. 3.
- D. Wood Treatment:
  - 1. Provide Preservative Treatment for all lumber in contact with masonry, concrete and used within exterior wall systems.
  - 2. Provide Fire Retardant Treatment for all lumber used within exterior wall systems.

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Anchors:
  - 1. Metal and Finish: Hot-dipped galvanized steel complying with ASTM A153/A153M for high humidity and preservative-treated wood locations.
- B. Construction Adhesives: Adhesives complying with ASTM C557 or ASTM D3498.

## 2.4 FACTORY WOOD TREATMENT

- A. Treated Lumber and Plywood: Comply with requirements of AWPA U1 - Use Category System for wood treatments determined by use categories, expected service conditions, and specific applications.
  - 1. Fire-Retardant Treated Wood: Mark each piece of wood with producer's stamp indicating compliance with specified requirements.
  - 2. Preservative-Treated Wood: Provide lumber and plywood marked or stamped by an ALSC-accredited testing agency, certifying level and type of treatment in accordance with AWPA standards.
- B. Fire Retardant Treatment:
  - 1. Exterior Type: AWPA U1, Category UCFB, Commodity Specification H, chemically treated and pressure impregnated; capable of providing a maximum flame spread index of 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, with no evidence of significant combustion when test is extended for an additional 20 minutes both before and after accelerated weathering test performed in accordance with ASTM D2898.
    - a. Kiln dry wood after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent for lumber and 15 percent for plywood.
    - b. Do not use treated wood in direct contact with the ground.
  - 2. Interior Type A: AWPA U1, Use Category UCFA, Commodity Specification H, low temperature (low hygroscopic) type, chemically treated and pressure impregnated; capable of providing a maximum flame spread index of 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, with no evidence of significant combustion when test is extended for an additional 20 minutes.
    - a. Kiln dry wood after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent for lumber and 15 percent for plywood.
    - b. Interior rough carpentry items are to be fire retardant treated.

C. Preservative Treatment:

1. Preservative Pressure Treatment of Lumber Above Grade: AWPA U1, Use Category UC3B, Commodity Specification A.
  - a. Kiln dry lumber after treatment to maximum moisture content of 19 percent.
  - b. Treat lumber in contact with roofing, flashing, or waterproofing.
  - c. Treat lumber in contact with masonry or concrete.
  - d. Treat lumber less than 18 inches above grade.
  - e. Treat lumber in other locations as indicated.
2. Preservative Pressure Treatment of Plywood Above Grade: AWPA U1, Use Category UC2 and UC3B, Commodity Specification F.
  - a. Kiln dry plywood after treatment to maximum moisture content of 19 percent.
  - b. Treat plywood in contact with roofing, flashing, or waterproofing.
  - c. Treat plywood in contact with masonry or concrete.
  - d. Treat plywood less than 18 inches above grade.
  - e. Treat plywood in other locations as indicated.
3. Preservative Pressure Treatment of Lumber in Contact with Soil: AWPA U1, Use Category UC4A, Commodity Specification A.
  - a. Preservative for Field Application to Cut Surfaces: As recommended by manufacturer of factory treatment chemicals for brush-application in the field.
  - b. Restrictions: Do not use lumber or plywood treated with chromated copper arsenate (CCA) in exposed exterior applications subject to leaching.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Coordinate installation of rough carpentry members specified in other sections.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Select material sizes to minimize waste.
- B. Reuse scrap to the greatest extent possible; clearly separate scrap for use on site as accessory components, including: shims, bracing, and blocking.
- C. Where treated wood is used on interior, provide temporary ventilation during and immediately after installation sufficient to remove indoor air contaminants.
- D. Comply with fastener size and spacing indicated, but not less than required by applicable codes, AWC (WFCM) Wood Frame Construction Manual, and IBC Chapter 23 Wood Construction Spans and Fastener requirements.

### 3.3 BLOCKING, AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide framing and blocking members as indicated or as required to support window systems and door frames.
- B. In masonry walls, provide blocking attached to masonry as backing and support, unless item can be securely fastened to masonry wall or other method of support is explicitly indicated.

3.4 SITE APPLIED WOOD TREATMENT

- A. Apply preservative treatment compatible with factory applied treatment at site-sawn cuts, complying with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Allow preservative to dry prior to erecting members.

3.5 TOLERANCES

- A. Variation from Plane: 1/4 inch in 10 feet maximum, and 1/4 inch in 30 feet maximum.

3.6 CLEANING

- A. Do not leave wood, shavings, sawdust, etc. on the ground or buried in fill.
- B. Prevent sawdust and wood shavings from entering the storm drainage system.

END OF SECTION 061000

## **SECTION 076200 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 M.S.U. ISSUES**

- A. All sheet metal work should normally be copper. Use lead coated copper for locations that can be seen from normal viewing.
- B. All through-wall flashings should be copper, extending completely through the wall and forming a hemmed drip edge on each side.
- C. Any wood used in construction must be pressure-preservative-treated material in accordance with the standards of AWPA.

#### **1.2 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes the following sheet metal flashing and trim:
  - 1. Formed flashing at window units.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 07 Section JOINT SEALANTS for field-applied sheet metal flashing and trim sealants.

#### **1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS**

- A. ASTM B32 - Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2020.
- B. ASTM B101 - Standard Specification for Lead-Coated Copper Sheet and Strip for Building Construction; 2012 (Reapproved 2019).
- C. ASTM B370 - Standard Specification for Copper Sheet and Strip for Building Construction; 2012 (Reapproved 2019).
- D. ASTM C920 - Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- E. ASTM D4586/D4586M - Standard Specification for Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos-Free; 2007 (Reapproved 2018).
- F. CDA A4050 - Copper in Architecture - Handbook; current edition.
- G. SMACNA (ASMM) - Architectural Sheet Metal Manual; 2012.

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Install sheet metal flashing and trim to withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failing, rattling, leaking, and fastener disengagement.
- B. Thermal Movements: Provide sheet metal flashing and trim that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, hole elongation, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Provide clips that resist rotation and avoid shear stress as a result of sheet metal and trim thermal movements. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
  - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.
- C. Water Infiltration: Provide sheet metal flashing and trim that do not allow water infiltration to building interior.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate material profile, jointing pattern, jointing details, fastening methods, flashings, terminations, and installation details.
- C. Samples for Verification: On request, for each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:
  - 1. Sheet Metal Flashing: 12 inches long. Include fasteners, cleats, clips, closures, and other attachments.
  - 2. Trim: 12 inches long. Include fasteners and other exposed accessories.
  - 3. Accessories: Full-size Sample.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim Standard: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Conform to dimensions and profiles shown unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
  - 1. Copper Standard: Comply with CDA's "Copper in Architecture Handbook."

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver sheet metal flashing materials and fabrications undamaged. Protect sheet metal flashing and trim materials and fabrications during transportation and handling.
- B. Unload, store, and install sheet metal flashing materials and fabrications in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.
- C. Stack materials on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Do not store sheet metal flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of sheet metal flashing and trim with interfacing and adjoining construction to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
  - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, products specified.
  - 2. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

2.2 SHEET METALS

- A. Copper Sheet: ASTM B 370, 16 oz/sq ft, 24 gauge, 0.0216 inch thick, Temper H00 or H01, cold-rolled copper sheet.
- B. Lead-Coated Copper Sheet: ASTM B 101, Temper H00 and H01, cold-rolled copper sheet, of weight indicated below, coated both sides with lead weighing not less than 12 lb/100 sq. ft. nor more than 15 lb/100 sq. ft. of copper sheet (total weight of lead applied equally to both sides).

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners, solder, welding rods, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation.

- B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads.
  - 1. Nails for Copper Sheet: Copper, hardware bronze, or Series 300 stainless steel, 0.109 inch minimum and not less than 7/8 inch long, barbed with large head.
  - 2. Exposed Fasteners: Heads matching color of sheet metal by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating.
  - 3. Fasteners for Flashing and Trim: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex washer head.
  - 4. Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets.
  - 5. Spikes and Ferrules: Same material as gutter; with spike with ferrule matching internal gutter width.
- C. Solder for Copper: ASTM B 32, Grade Sn50, 50 percent tin and 50 percent lead.
- D. Solder for Lead-Coated Copper: ASTM B 32, Grade Sn60, 60 percent tin and 40 percent lead.
- E. Sealing Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, polyisobutylene compound sealing tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape.
- F. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C 920, elastomeric silicone polymer sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in sheet metal flashing and trim and remain watertight.
- G. Epoxy Seam Sealer: Two-part, noncorrosive, aluminum seam-cementing compound, recommended by aluminum manufacturer for exterior nonmoving joints, including riveted joints.
- H. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.
- I. Asphalt Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, asbestos free, of consistency required for application.

## 2.4 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated. Shop fabricate items where practicable. Obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.
- B. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.

- C. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
  - 1. Seams: Fabricate nonmoving seams in accessories with flat-lock seams. Tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder.
- D. Sealed Joints: Form nonexpansion but movable joints in metal to accommodate elastomeric sealant to comply with SMACNA recommendations.
- E. Expansion Provisions: Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions in the Work cannot be used, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with elastomeric sealant concealed within joints.
- F. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible on exposed-to-view sheet metal flashing and trim, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal.
  - 1. Thickness: As recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" for application but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

## 2.5 FINISHES

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical and painted finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, to verify actual locations, dimensions and other conditions affecting performance of work.
  - 1. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.

2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement. Use fasteners, solder, welding rods, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.
  1. Torch cutting of sheet metal flashing and trim is not permitted.
- B. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by fabricator or manufacturers of dissimilar metals.
  1. Coat side of lead sheet metal flashing and trim with bituminous coating where flashing and trim will contact wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
  2. Underlayment: Where installing metal flashing directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a course of felt underlayment and cover with a slip sheet or install a course of polyethylene underlayment.
  3. Bed flanges in thick coat of asphalt roofing cement where required for waterproof performance.
- C. Install exposed sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks.
- D. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line and levels indicated. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and elastomeric sealant.
- E. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered before fabricating sheet metal.
  1. Space cleats not more than 12 inches apart. Anchor each cleat with two fasteners. Bend tabs over fasteners.
- F. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet with no joints allowed within 24 inches of corner or intersection. Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently watertight, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with elastomeric sealant concealed within joints.
- G. Fasteners: Use fasteners of sizes that will penetrate substrate not less than 1-1/4 inches for nails and not less than 3/4 inch for wood screws.
  1. Copper: Use copper, hardware bronze, or stainless-steel fasteners.

- H. Seal joints with elastomeric sealant as required for watertight construction.
  - 1. Where sealant-filled joints are used, embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch into sealant. Form joints to completely conceal sealant. When ambient temperature at time of installation is moderate, between 40 and 70 deg F, set joint members for 50 percent movement either way. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures. Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg F.
  - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- I. Soldered Joints: Clean surfaces to be soldered, removing oils and foreign matter. Pretin edges of sheets to be soldered to a width of 1-1/2 inches except where pretinned surface would show in finished Work.
  - 1. Pretinning is not required for lead-coated copper and lead.
  - 2. Copper Soldering: Tin uncoated copper surfaces at edges of sheets using solder recommended for copper work.
  - 3. Where surfaces to be soldered are lead coated, do not tin edges, but wire brush lead coating before soldering.
  - 4. Lead-Coated Copper Soldering: Wire brush edges of sheets before soldering.
  - 5. Do not use open-flame torches for soldering. Heat surfaces to receive solder and flow solder into joints. Fill joints completely. Completely remove flux and spatter from exposed surfaces.

### 3.3 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal wall flashing to intercept and exclude penetrating moisture according to SMACNA recommendations and as indicated. Coordinate installation of flashing with installation of wall-opening components such as windows, and doors.
- B. Install sill flashings. Turn up ends and edges to form end-dam; seal to adjacent work to from water tight dam.
- C. Where fasteners penetrate sill flashings, make watertight by seating and sealing fastener heads to sill flashing.

### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.
- B. Clean and neutralize flux materials. Clean off excess solder and sealants.
- C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed. On completion of installation, clean finished surfaces, including removing unused fasteners, metal filings, pop rivet stems, and pieces of flashing. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.

- D. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 076200

## **SECTION 079200 - JOINT SEALANTS**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 MSU ISSUES**

- A. It the intent of MSU that all joint sealants used on its projects will comply with LEED™ NC 3 Credit Requirements EQ Credit 4.1: Low-Emitting Materials: Adhesives and Sealants.

#### **1.2 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes joint sealants for the applications listed in 3.6 JOINT SEALANT SCHEDULE below, and including those specified by reference to this Section:
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 08 Section GLAZING for glazing sealants.

#### **1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Provide elastomeric joint sealants that establish and maintain watertight and airtight continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrates.

#### **1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. VOC Statement and Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.
- B. Samples for Verification: For each type and color of joint sealant required, provide Samples with joint sealants in 1/2-inch- wide joints formed between two 6-inch- long strips of material matching the appearance of exposed surfaces adjacent to joint sealants.
- C. Product Certificates: For each type of joint sealant and accessory, signed by product manufacturer.
- D. SWRI Validation Certificate: For each elastomeric sealant specified to be validated by SWRI's Sealant Validation Program.
- E. Qualification Data: For Installer and testing agency.
- F. Preconstruction Field Test Reports: When requested by owner, indicate which sealants and joint preparation methods resulted in optimum adhesion to joint substrates based on preconstruction testing specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.

G. Compatibility and Adhesion Test Reports: From sealant manufacturer, indicating the following:

1. Materials forming joint substrates and joint-sealant backings have been tested for compatibility and adhesion with joint sealants.
2. Interpretation of test results and written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.

H. Field Test Report Log: For each elastomeric sealant application.

- I. Product Test Reports: Based on comprehensive testing of product formulations performed by a qualified testing agency, indicating that sealants comply with requirements.
- J. Warranties: Submit written special warranty as specified in this Section. Include contact information, description of coverage, and start date for each special warranty.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized Installer who is approved or licensed for installation of elastomeric sealants required for this Project.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Preconstruction Compatibility and Adhesion Testing: Submit to joint-sealant manufacturers, for testing indicated below, samples of materials that will contact or affect joint sealants.
  1. Use ASTM C 1087 or manufacturer's standard test method to determine whether priming and other specific joint preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of joint sealants to joint substrates.
  2. Submit not fewer than six pieces of each type of material, including joint substrates, shims, joint-sealant backings, secondary seals, and miscellaneous materials.
  3. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
  4. For materials failing tests, obtain joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions for corrective measures including use of specially formulated primers.
  5. Testing will not be required if joint-sealant manufacturers submit joint preparation data that are based on previous testing of current sealant products for adhesion to, and compatibility with, joint substrates and other materials matching those submitted.
- D. Product Testing: Obtain test results for "Product Test Reports" Paragraph in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing current sealant formulations within a 36-month period preceding the commencement of the Work.
  1. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
  2. Test elastomeric joint sealants for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C 920, and where applicable, to other standard test methods.

3. Test elastomeric joint sealants according to SWRI's Sealant Validation Program for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C 920 for adhesion and cohesion under cyclic movement, adhesion-in-peel, and indentation hardness.
4. Test other joint sealants for compliance with requirements indicated by referencing standard specifications and test methods.

E. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion Testing: Before installing sealants, field test their adhesion to Project joint substrates as follows:

1. Locate test joints where indicated on Project or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
2. Conduct field tests for each application indicated below:
  - a. Each type of elastomeric sealant and joint substrate for exterior metal frames. Provide two tests per each unique sealant and joint combination.
  - b. Each type of latex sealant and joint substrate for interior metal frames. Provide two tests per each unique sealant and joint substrate combination.
3. Notify M.S.U. Project Manager seven days in advance of dates and times when test joints will be erected.
  - a. Test Method: Test joint sealants according to Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1 in ASTM C 1193.
    - 1) For joints with dissimilar substrates, verify adhesion to each substrate separately; extend cut along one side, verifying adhesion to opposite side. Repeat procedure for opposite side.
4. Report whether sealant in joint connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each type of product and joint substrate. For sealants that fail adhesively, retest until satisfactory adhesion is obtained.
5. Evaluation of Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing, in absence of other indications of noncompliance with requirements, will be considered satisfactory. Do not use sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:

1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer.
2. When joint substrates are wet.
3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
4. Contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

## 1.7 WARRANTY

### A. Special Warranty

1. Provide installation warranty for a period of 5 years against defective materials and workmanship.
2. During the warranty period restore defective work to the standard of the contract documents without additional compensation, including all materials, labor, refinishing and other costs incidental to the work. Within 24 hours after receipt of notice from the owner, inspect the work and immediately repair leaks. Restore work found to be defective as defined in the contract documents, within 10 days after receipt of notice from the owner.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, products listed in other Part 2 articles.

### 2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.

### 2.3 ELASTOMERIC JOINT SEALANTS

A. Elastomeric Sealants: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied chemically curing sealant specified, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses related to exposure and joint substrates.

B. Stain-Test-Response Characteristics: Where elastomeric sealants are specified to be nonstaining to porous substrates, provide products that have undergone testing according to ASTM C 1248 and have not stained porous joint substrates indicated for Project.

C. Single-Component Neutral-Curing Silicone Sealant; **SEALANT A**

1. Available Products:

- a. Dow; DOWSIL 790 Silicone Building Sealant.
- b. GE Silicones; SilPruf SCS2000.
- c. Dow; DOWSIL 791 Silicone Weatherproofing Sealant.
- d. Dow; DOWSIL 795 Silicone Building Sealant.
- e. Pecora Corporation; 895.

- f. Dow; DOWSIL 756 SMS Building Sealant.
- g. Or as approved

- 2. Type and Grade: S (single component) and NS (nonsag).
- 3. Class: 50.
- 4. Use Related to Exposure: NT (nontraffic).
- 5. Stain-Test-Response Characteristics: Nonstaining to porous substrates per ASTM C 1248.

#### 2.4 LATEX JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Latex Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 834.**SEALANT B.**
- B. Available Products:
  - 1. DAP DYNAFLEX 230.
  - 2. Pecora Corporation; AC-20+Silicone.
  - 3. Or as approved.

#### 2.5 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

- A. General: Provide sealant backings of material and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin) or B (bicellular material with a surface skin), as approved in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer for joint application indicated, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.
- C. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

#### 2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants to joint substrates.

C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting joint-sealant performance.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:

1. Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
2. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining after cleaning operations above by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint substrates include the following:
  - a. Concrete.
  - b. Masonry.
3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
4. Clean nonporous surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous joint substrates include the following:
  - a. Metal.
  - b. Glass.

B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates, where recommended in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.

B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.

C. Acoustical Sealant Application Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 919 for use of joint sealants in acoustical applications as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.

D. Install sealant backings of type indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.

E. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.

F. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:

1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

G. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.

1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
3. Provide concave joint configuration per Figure 5A in ASTM C 1193, unless otherwise indicated.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

3.6 JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

- A. **SEALANT A**: Exterior joints at perimeter of metal frames, including door and window frames. Exterior joints at ends of aluminum windowsills.
- B. **SEALANT B**: Interior joints at the perimeter of metal frames, including door and window frames.

END OF SECTION 079200

## **SECTION 085123 - STEEL WINDOWS**

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### **1.1 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Factory finished steel windows with fixed and operating sash.
- B. Operating hardware and framed insect screens.
- C. Factory installed infill panels.

#### **1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 07 92 00 - Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between frames and adjacent construction.
- B. Section 08 80 00 - Glazing.
- C. Section 23 37 00 - Air Outlets and Inlets.

#### **1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS**

- A. AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 - North American Fenestration Standard/Specification for Windows, Doors, and Skylights 2017.
- B. AAMA 502 - Voluntary Specification for Field Testing of Newly Installed Fenestration Products 2021.
- C. ASTM A36/A36M - Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel 2019.
- D. ASTM A123/A123M - Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products 2017.
- E. ASTM A653/A653M - Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process 2020.
- F. ASTM E283/E283M - Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Skylights, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen 2019.
- G. ASTM E330/E330M - Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference 2014 (Reapproved 2021).

- H. ASTM E331 - Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference 2000 (Reapproved 2016).
- I. ASTM E783 - Standard Test Method for Field Measurement of Air Leakage Through Installed Exterior Windows and Doors 2002 (Reapproved 2018).
- J. ASTM E1105 - Standard Test Method for Field Determination of Water Penetration of Installed Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls, by Uniform or Cyclic Static Air Pressure Difference 2015.
- K. ASTM E2112 - Standard Practice for Installation of Exterior Windows, Doors and Skylights 2019c.
- L. ASTM F588 - Standard Test Methods for Measuring the Forced Entry Resistance of Window Assemblies, Excluding Glazing Impact 2017.
- M. SWI (INTRO) - Architect's Guide to Steel Windows and Doors Current Edition.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide component dimensions, fasteners, anchors, and glass.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate opening dimensions, framed opening tolerances, affected related work; and installation requirements.
- D. Samples: Submit two 12 by 12 inch in size, illustrating window frame section, finish surfaces, and glazing materials.
- E. Certificates: Certify that products of this section meet or exceed specified requirements.
- F. Test Reports: Prior to submitting shop drawings or starting fabrication, submit test report(s) by independent testing agency showing compliance with performance requirements.
- G. Field Quality Control Submittals: Report of field testing for water penetration and air leakage.
- H. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing windows specified in this section, with not less than five years of documented experience.

B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least five years of documented experience and approved by manufacturer.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect factory finished surfaces with wrapping. Do not use adhesive papers or sprayed coatings that bond when exposed to sunlight or weather.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install sealants when ambient temperature is less than 40 degrees F.  
B. Maintain this minimum temperature during and after installation of sealants.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. See Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.  
B. Correct defective Work within a five year period after Date of Substantial Completion.  
C. Provide five year manufacturer warranty for insulated glass units from seal failure, interpane dusting or misting, and replacement of same.  
1. Include coverage for degradation of color finish.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Steel Windows:

1. Hope's Windows, Inc; Basis of Design: Old World Suite Thermal System with Simulated Divided Lite.
2. A&S Window Associates, Inc: [www.aswindowassociates.com/#sle](http://www.aswindowassociates.com/#sle).
3. Arcadia, Inc.
4. Crittall Windows Ltd.

2.2 STEEL WINDOWS

A. Steel Windows: Hot rolled steel sections, factory fabricated, factory finished, with vision glass, infill panels, related flashings, anchorage and attachment devices.

1. Grade: Standard Intermediate design based on SWI (INTRO).
2. Sash Configuration: Provide fixed non-operable and projected awning out sash layout.
3. Forced Entry Resistance: Comply with ASTM F588 requirements for performance level of Grade 10 for window Type A in accordance with standard.

## 2.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wind Loads: Design and size components to withstand wind loads without damage or permanent set, when tested in accordance with ASTM E330/E330M, using pressure equal to 1.5 times specified design pressures, with 10 second duration of maximum load.
- B. Design Pressure: In accordance with applicable codes.
- C. Air Leakage: 0.06 cfm/sq ft maximum leakage of window when tested at 1.57 psf pressure difference in accordance with ASTM E283/E283M.
- D. Overall Thermal Transmittance (U-value): 0.35, maximum, including glazing, measured on window sizes required for this project.
- E. Water Leakage: None, when measured in accordance with ASTM E331 with a test pressure difference of 2.86 lbf/sq ft.

## 2.4 COMPONENTS

- A. Frames:
  1. Fixed Window Units: 1-5/16 inch by 2-1/2 inch deep profile.
  2. Operable Window Units: 2-3/16 inch by 2-1/2 inch deep profile.
- B. Muntins: Simulated Divided Lite Muntin.
  1. Exterior: Hot-rolled formed steel muntin with tapers rolled integral at the mill. Muntins shall be solidly welded to perimeter framing and dressed smooth.
  2. Interior: Extruded aluminum Alloy 6063-T5.
  3. Profile: Basis of Design: Hope's Windows Inc.; Exterior Muntin Profile #477; Interior Muntin Profile PS1.
- C. Sills: Formed steel; sloped for positive wash; fit under sash leg to 1/2 inch beyond wall face; one piece full width of opening with jamb angles to terminate sill end.
- D. Infill Panel: Internally reinforced, glazing edge sealed permitting internal air movement to glazing space.
  1. Panel sheet: 1 inch thick aluminum or manufacturer standard material.
  2. Sleeve: Of same material of panel sheet. Sleeve diameter to be sized to be 1/2 inch maximum diameter greater than existing pipe penetration. Sleeve to extend 2 inch minimum beyond exterior and interior side of panel.
  3. Color: To match steel frame color.

4. Core: Rigid Polystyrene or Rigid Polyurethane insulation core with R-Value of R-5 minimum.
- E. Insect Screen Frame: Rolled stainless steel frame of rectangular sections; fit with adjustable hardware; nominal size similar to operable glazed unit.
  1. Stainless steel screens shall be rewireable to allow for mesh replacement.
  2. Stainless steel screen fastenings shall permit easy attachment and removal from interior.
- F. Operable Sash Weather Stripping: Manufacturer standard; permanently resilient, profiled to effect weather seal.
- G. Sealant for Setting Sills, Stools, Aprons, and Sill Flashing: Non-curing butyl type.

## 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Hot Rolled Steel Sections: ASTM A36/A36M, galvanized to ASTM A123/A123M requirements; 3 lb/ft; with slot for fitting weather stripping integral with sash section.
  1. Combined weight of frame and ventilator profiles shall be a minimum of 3.98 pounds per lineal foot. Frame section alone shall not weigh less than 1.70 pounds per lineal foot.
- B. Steel Sheet: Hot-dipped galvanized steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M, with G90/Z275 coating; 26 gauge, 0.0179 inch thick base metal.
- C. Fasteners: Stainless steel.

## 2.6 GLASS AND GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. Glass and Glazing Materials: See Section 08 80 00.
- B. All windows shall be designed for inside glazing.
- C. Provide replaceable continuous glazing beads to suit the glass as specified.
- D. Glazing beads shall be cut and shop fitted to each glass lite prior to shipment.
- E. Manufacturer to provide correct glazing wedge and tape in accordance with the test assembly.

## 2.7 HARDWARE

- A. Sash lock: Lever handle with cam lock.
- B. Operator: Lever action handle fitted to projecting sash arms with limit stops.
- C. Ventilators shall be hung on aluminum-bronze pivot with stainless steel pin.

- D. Projecting Sash Arms: Cadmium plated steel, friction pivot joints with nylon bearings, removable pivot clips for cleaning.
- E. Window Opening Control Devices (WOCD): Provide operable window sash hardware that limits openings to only allow passage of 6 inch diameter rigid sphere or less, and are easily releasable to fully open without use of keys, tools, or special knowledge.

2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate components with minimum clearances and shim spacing around perimeter of assembly, yet enabling installation and dynamic movement of perimeter seal.
- B. Accurately fit and secure joints and corners. Make joints flush and hairline.
- C. Corners of frame and ventilator shall be mitered or coped then solidly welded. Exposed and contact surfaces shall be finished smooth flush with the adjacent surfaces. All interior and exterior rail bar and muntin joints shall be face welded and ground smooth.
- D. Prepare components to receive anchor devices. Fabricate anchors.
- E. Arrange fasteners to conceal from view.
- F. Prepare components with reinforcement for operating hardware.
- G. Reinforce mullions with internal galvanized steel members to maintain rigidity.
- H. Provide internal drainage weep holes and channels to migrate moisture to exterior. Provide internal drainage of glazing spaces to exterior through weep holes.
- I. Assemble insect screen frame, miter and reinforced frame corners. Fit mesh taut into frame and secure. Fit frame with four spring loaded steel pin retainers.
- J. Operable Hardware:
  - 1. Provide two fasteners per ventilator where sash width exceed 4'-8".
  - 2. Ventilators shall be hung on aluminum-bronze pivot with stainless steel pin.
  - 3. Friction device shall be applied at the jamb(s) of ventilator.
- K. Double weatherstrip operable units.
- L. Weatherstrip: All ventilators shall receive continuous weatherstripping that shall be applied to the integral weatherstrip grooves in the interior and exterior contact surfaces of the frame and ventilator sections. Weatherstripping that is surface applied or requires additional retainer or requires screws for application shall not be acceptable.

M. Muntins:

1. Simulated Divided Lite Muntin Grid shall be Hot-rolled exterior muntins shall be mitered or coped and fully back welded at all intersections.

2.9 FINISHES

A. Window Frames: Baked enamel finish.

1. Cleaning:
  - a. All hot-rolled steel profiles must be acid pickled to white metal as defined by SSPC – SP8 creating a pristine, white metal substrate which is paramount to achieving ultimate finish performance.
2. Pretreatment: Following welding and all machining operations, hot-rolled products and accessories are subjected to the following pretreatment process.
  - a. Hot-Dip Galvanize.
  - b. Parts are cleaned and immersed in a molten pool of pure zinc per ASTM A123 to create a dry film thickness (DFT) of 4 – 8 mils of cathodic protection.
  - c. Quality Control.
  - d. Mechanical Cleaning.
3. Brush-Off Blast Cleaning:
  - a. Galvanized parts shall be brush-off blast cleaned in accordance with SSPC-SP16 to profile surface prior to primer application.
  - b. All parts shall be oven heated prior to finishing to prevent outgassing through epoxy primer.
4. Epoxy Powder Primer: Following pretreatment and brush-off blast cleaning all parts shall receive an abrasion resistant epoxy powder coat to ensure ultimate substrate protection. Epoxy powder primer is intended as an intermediate finish applied prior to the final finish top coat.
  - a. Within 12 hours of hot-dip galvanizing pretreatment all frames and accessories shall receive an epoxy powder primer for abrasion resistance.
  - b. After hot-dip galvanizing has been cleaned, brush-off blasted, and oven outgassed – epoxy powder primer is applied electrostatically to a dry film thickness (DFT) of 2.0 – 4.0 mils.
  - c. Parts are oven baked in preparation to top coat application.
5. Polyester Powder Top Coat or Polyurethane Polyurethane Top Coat: The top coat defines the final stage to the overall aesthetics and performance of the finished product.
  - a. Polyester powder top coat shall be applied immediately over epoxy powder primer.

- b. Powder top coat is electrostatically applied to a dry film thickness (DFT) of 2.0 – 4.0 mils.
- c. Parts are oven baked to fully cure.

6. Power of 5 Overview:

- a. Combined overall dry film thickness (DFT) of hot-dip galvanizing, epoxy primer, and polyester powder top coat or Ultrathane Polyurethane Top Coat shall be between 8.0 – 16.0 mils.
- b. Overall process shall provide full documented compliance with the following, as applicable:
  - 1) Acid Pickling: SSPC-SP8.
  - 2) Hot Dip Galvanize: ASTM A123.
  - 3) Adhesion: ASTM D3359, no loss.
  - 4) Hardness: ASTM D3363 (pencil), H min.
  - 5) Salt Spray: ASTMB 117, passes 3000 hrs.
  - 6) Humidity: ASTM D2247, 300 hours, few #8 blisters.
  - 7) Impact Resistance (3mm): ASTM D2794, no loss.
  - 8) Color Retention: ASTM D2244, 5 year less than or equal to 5 delta E.
  - 9) Chalk Resistance: ASTM D4214, #8 rating.
  - 10) Gloss Retention: ASTM D 523, greater than or equal to 30 percent retention.

7. Color: Selected from manufacturer's premium range of metallic finishes. Basis of Design: Hope's Windows, Inc; MP20189 Corinthian Bronze Metallic – Satin VOC.

- B. Screens: Stainless Steel screen frames shall be finished to match the window frame color.
- C. Apply one coat of bituminous paint to concealed aluminum and steel surfaces in contact with treated wood, cementitious, or dissimilar materials.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Window openings shall conform to details, dimensions and tolerances shown on the window manufacturers approved shop drawings.
- B. Conditions which may adversely affect the window installation must be corrected before installation commences.
- C. The wash down of the adjacent masonry and surrounding substrate must be completed before erection commences to prevent damage to the finish by the cleaning materials.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install window frames and glass and glazing in accordance with manufacturers instructions.

- B. Install windows in accordance with ASTM E2112.
- C. Attach window frame and shims to perimeter opening to accommodate construction tolerances and other irregularities.
- D. Align window plumb and level, free of warp or twist. Maintain dimensional tolerances and alignment with adjacent work.
- E. Install sill and sill end angles.
- F. Set sill members and sill flashing in continuous bead of sealant.
- G. Provide thermal isolation where components penetrate or disrupt building insulation. Pack fibrous insulation in shim spaces at perimeter of assembly to maintain continuity of thermal barrier.
- H. Install operating hardware.
- I. Repair any abraded areas of the factory finish.
- J. Install glass and infill panels in accordance with glazing method required to achieve performance criteria; see Section 08 80 00.

### 3.3 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation from Level or Plumb: 1/16 inches in 3 ft non-cumulative or 1/8 inches per 10 ft.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Provide services of steel window manufacturer's field representative to observe for proper installation of system and submit report.
- B. See Section 01 40 00 - Quality Requirements for independent field testing and inspection requirements, and requirements for monitoring quality of specified product installations.
- C. Provide field testing of installed steel windows by independent laboratory in accordance with AAMA 502 and AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 during construction process and before installation of interior finishes.
  - 1. Perform tests on one individual window of each type in designated locations as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Field test for water penetration in accordance with ASTM E1105 using Procedure B - cyclic static air pressure difference; test pressure shall not be less than 1.9 psf.

3. Field test for air leakage in accordance with ASTM E783 with uniform static air pressure difference of 6.27 psf.
- D. Repair or replace fenestration components that have failed designated field testing, and retest to verify performance complies with specified requirements.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust hardware for smooth operation and secure weathertight closure.

3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove protective material from factory finished surfaces.
- B. Remove labels and visible markings.
- C. Wash surfaces by method recommended and acceptable to window manufacturer; rinse and wipe surfaces clean.
- D. Remove excess glazing sealant by method acceptable to sealant manufacturer.
- E. Clean adjacent structures and window frames of dust, dirt and debris caused by Steel Window, Glazing and Sealant installation operations.
- F. Return adjacent areas to conditions existing before Steel Window, Glazing and Sealant operations began.

3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Do not permit continuing construction activities near unprotected finish surfaces.

END OF SECTION 085123

## **SECTION 088000 - GLAZING**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 M.S.U. ISSUES**

- A. Exterior windows shall be glazed with hermetically sealed glazing units with a minimum thickness of 1 inch. Vinyl or PVC edge seals are not acceptable. The exterior face of the interior glass shall have a low E coating, and the exterior glass shall be clear.

#### **1.2 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes glazing for the following products and applications, including those specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:
  - 1. Windows systems.
  - 2. Doors.

#### **1.3 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Manufacturers of Glass Products: Firms that produce primary glass, fabricated glass, or both, as defined in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Glass Thicknesses: Indicated by thickness designations in millimeters according to ASTM C 1036.
- C. Interspace: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit that contains dehydrated air or a specified gas.
- D. Deterioration of Insulating Glass: Failure of hermetic seal under normal use that is attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide glazing systems capable of withstanding normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication, and installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.
  - 1. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For the following types of glass supported on all 4 edges, provide thickness required that limits center deflection at design wind pressure to 1/50 times the short side length or 1 inch, whichever is less.
    - a. For monolithic-glass lites heat-treated to resist wind loads.
    - b. For insulating glass.
  - 2. Minimum Glass Thickness for Exterior Lites: Not less than 6.0 mm.
- B. Thermal Movements: Provide glazing that allows for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures acting on glass framing members and glazing components. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
  - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.
- C. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified based on manufacturer's published test data, as determined according to procedures indicated below:
  - 1. For insulating-glass units, properties are based on units with lites 6.0 mm thick and a nominal 1/2-inch- wide interspace.
  - 2. Center-of-Glass Values: Based on using LBL-44789 WINDOW 5.0 computer program for the following methodologies:
    - a. U-Factors: NFRC 100 expressed as Btu/ sq. ft. x h x deg F.
    - b. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: NFRC 200.
    - c. Solar Optical Properties: NFRC 300.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each glass product and glazing material indicated.
- B. Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch- square Samples for glass and of 12-inch- long Samples for sealants. Install sealant Samples between two strips of material representative in color of the adjoining framing system.

- C. Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch- square Samples for glass.
  - 1. Insulating glass for each designation indicated.
- D. Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location.
- E. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of glass and glazing products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
  - 1. For solar-control low-e-coated glass, provide documentation demonstrating that manufacturer of coated glass is certified by coating manufacturer.
- F. Qualification Data: For installers.
- G. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Test Report: From glazing sealant manufacturer indicating glazing sealants were tested for adhesion to glass and glazing channel substrates and for compatibility with glass and other glazing materials.
- H. Product Test Reports: For each of the following types of glazing products:
  - 1. Insulating glass.
  - 2. Glazing sealants.
  - 3. Glazing gaskets.
- I. Warranties: Submit written special warranty as specified in this Section. Include contact information, description of coverage, and start date for each special warranty.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; whose work has resulted in glass installations with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Source Limitations for Glass: Obtain insulating glass through one source from a single manufacturer for each glass type:
- C. Source Limitations for Glass Sputter-Coated with Solar-Control Low-E Coatings: Where solar-control low-e coatings of a primary glass manufacturer that has established a certified fabricator program is specified, obtain sputter-coated solar-control low-e-coated glass in fabricated units from a manufacturer that is certified by coated-glass manufacturer.
- D. Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: Obtain glazing accessories through one source from a single manufacturer for each product and installation method indicated.

- E. Glass Product Testing: Obtain glass test results for product test reports in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing glass products.
  - 1. Glass Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
- F. Safety Glazing Products: Comply with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201, and, for wired glass, ANSI Z97.1.
- G. Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the following testing and inspecting agency:
  - 1. Insulating Glass Certification Council.
  - 2. Associated Laboratories, Inc.
- H. Mockups: On request, build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
- I. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

#### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions and as needed to prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.
- B. For insulating-glass units that will be exposed to substantial altitude changes, comply with insulating-glass manufacturer's written recommendations for venting and sealing to avoid hermetic seal ruptures.

#### 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Coated-Glass Products: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by coated-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace coated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Laminated Glass: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by laminated-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace laminated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Insulating Glass: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by insulating-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace insulating-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
  - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

### 2.2 GLASS PRODUCTS

- A. Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent flat glass), Quality-Q3.
  - 1. Ultra-Clear (Low-Iron) Float Glass: Class I (clear).
    - a. Available Manufacturers
      - 1) Vitro Architectural Glass: Basis of Design: Solarban 60 Starphire.
      - 2) AFG Industries Inc.

- 3) Pilkington Building Products North America
- 4) Cardinal Glass Industries
- 5) Guardian Industries
- 6) Libbey-Owens-Ford Co. (LOF)
- 7) Viracon

2. Provide Kind FT (fully tempered) float glass in place of annealed float glass where safety glass is indicated on Drawings and other locations required by applicable federal, state and local codes and regulations. Comply with ASTM C1048.

B. Insulating-Glass Units, General: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, and complying with ASTM E 774 for Class CBA units and with requirements specified in this Article and in Part 2 "Insulating-Glass Units" Article.

1. Provide Kind FT (fully tempered) glass lites where safety glass is indicated on Drawings and other locations required by applicable federal, state and local codes and regulations.
2. Overall Unit Thickness and Thickness of Each Lite: Dimensions indicated for insulating-glass units are nominal and the overall thicknesses of units are measured perpendicularly from outer surfaces of glass lites at unit's edge.
3. Sealing System: Dual seal, with primary and secondary sealants as follows:
  - a. Manufacturer's standard sealants with continuous welded spacer bars.

## 2.3 GLAZING GASKETS

A. Dense Compression Gaskets: Molded or extruded gaskets of material indicated below, complying with standards referenced with name of elastomer indicated below, and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal:

1. Neoprene, ASTM C 864.
2. EPDM, ASTM C 864.
3. Silicone, ASTM C 1115.
4. Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber, ASTM C 1115.

## 2.4 GLAZING SEALANTS

A. General: Provide products of type indicated, complying with the following requirements:

1. Compatibility: Select glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and with other materials they will contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.

B. Elastomeric Glazing Sealants: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied chemically curing sealant specified, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses related to exposure and joint substrates.

## 2.5 GLAZING TAPES

A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based elastomeric tape with a solids content of 100 percent; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; packaged on rolls with a release paper backing; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:

1. AAMA 804.3 tape, where indicated.
2. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
3. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.

B. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; packaged on rolls with release liner protecting adhesive; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:

1. Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
2. Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

## 2.6 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.

B. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.

C. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.

D. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.

E. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

## 2.7 FABRICATION OF GLAZING UNITS

- A. Fabricate glazing units in sizes required to glaze openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing publications, to comply with system performance requirements.

## 2.8 INSULATING-GLASS UNITS

- A. Solar-Control Low-E Insulating-Glass Units

### 1. Available Products:

- a. Vitro Architectural Glass "Solarban®" 60 Starphire or equal.
- 2. Overall Unit Thickness and Thickness of Each Lite: 25 and 6.0 mm.
- 3. Interspace Content: Argon.
- 4. Outdoor Lite: Class 1 clear float glass.
- 5. Indoor Lite: Class 1 clear float glass.
- 6. Low-E Coating: Pyrolytic on second surface.
- 7. Visible Light Transmittance: 35% minimum.
- 8. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: 0.35 maximum.
- 9. Summer Daytime U-Factor: 0.38 maximum.
- 10. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: 0.40 maximum.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine framing glazing, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:
  - 1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
  - 2. Presence and functioning of weep system.
  - 3. Minimum required face or edge clearances.
  - 4. Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.

3.3 GLAZING, GENERAL

- A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Glazing channel dimensions, as indicated on Drawings, provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances. Adjust as required by Project conditions during installation.
- C. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass is glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass and impair performance and appearance.
- D. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.
- E. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- F. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- G. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 30 inches as follows:
  - 1. Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.
  - 2. Provide 1/8-inch minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- H. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.
- I. Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.
- J. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
- K. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

### 3.4 TAPE GLAZING

- A. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.
- B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.
- C. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first and then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs and then to heads and sills.
- D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.
- E. Do not remove release paper from tape until just before each glazing unit is installed.

### 3.5 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

- A. Fabricate compression gaskets in lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.
- B. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.
- C. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
- D. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

### 3.6 SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

- A. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.
- B. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.
- C. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

### 3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect exterior glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.
- C. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.
- D. Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, or abraded or that is damaged from natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.
- E. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 088000

## **SECTION 233700 – AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS**

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### **1.2 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes the furnishing and installation of all air inlet and outlet devices.
- B. Division of Work:
  - 1. In accordance with the General Conditions, Contractor is responsible for dividing the Work among the Subcontractors and Suppliers and for delineating the work to be performed by specific trades.
  - 2. The following are suggestions as to how the Work may be divided. This is not a complete list of all the work:
    - a. General Contractor: Install stationary louvers specified herein.
    - b. Mechanical Subcontractor:
      - 1) Furnish stationary louvers specified herein.
      - 2) Coordinate with General Contractor for proper louver installation.

#### **1.3 REFERENCES**

- A. Except as herein specified or as indicated on the Drawings, the work of this Section shall comply with the following:
  - 1. AMCA Publications:
    - a. Standard 500 - Laboratory Methods of Testing Louvers for Rating.
    - b. Standard 511 - Certified Ratings Program for Air Control Devices.

#### **1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Manufacturer's Literature: For all items specified herein.
  - 1. General:
    - a. Dimensions.
    - b. Details of construction and installation.
    - c. Name of Manufacturer.
    - d. Model.
  - 2. Louvers:
    - a. Performance Ratings:
      - 1) AMCA Certified.
      - 2) For Engineer's approval prior to fabrication.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabrication and Installation Personnel Qualifications:
  - 1. Trained and experienced in the fabrication and installation of the materials and equipment.
  - 2. Knowledgeable of the design and the reviewed Shop Drawings.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 STATIONARY LOUVERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. American Warming and Ventilating, Inc.
  - 2. Pottorff.
  - 3. Dowco.
  - 4. Louvers and Dampers, Inc.
  - 5. Ruskin.
  - 6. Greenheck.
  - 7. Nailor.
- B. General:
  - 1. Aluminum construction.
  - 2. AMCA certified for air performance and water penetration.
- C. Components:
  - 1. 0.081-inch extruded channel frame.
  - 2. Blades:
    - a. 0.081-inch extruded with intermediate rain stop.
    - b. Provide rear blade stiffeners on blades over 48 inches wide.
    - c. Designed with drip trough for side runoff.
  - 3. Screen:
    - a. 5/8-inch x 0.050-inch expanded aluminum bird screen.
    - b. 1/2-inch mesh.
    - c. Rear mounted.
    - d. Secured with removable holding frame.
- D. Size: As indicated on the Drawings. New louver to be sized to fit within single window pane.
- E. Free Air Area: Match free air area, minimum, from existing removed louver.
- F. Finish:
  - 1. Color: Custom color to match steel window frame color. Dupont Kynar 500; or equal fluoropolymer paint.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Follow Manufacturer's instructions, subject to Engineer's approval.

- B. Install louvers after window frames have been installed.
- C. Provide new supports, hardware, ductwork as required for duct connection to louver.

### 3.2 PAINTING

- A. Unlined Ductwork:
  - 1. Where work disturbed finish of ductwork connecting to louver, touch up paint.
  - 2. Apply flat black paint:
    - a. 2 coats.
- B. Louvers:
  - 1. Where direct contact with steel occurs.
  - 2. Alkali-resistant bituminous paint or synthetic resin zinc chromate primer.
  - 3. Apply paint or primer to steel:
    - a. Prior to installing louvers.
    - b. As received from the Manufacturer without addition of thinner.

END OF SECTION 233700